Franklin Fire Department Strategic Plan Fiscal Year 2010







Gary B. McCarraher Fire Chief



Franklin Fire Department Budget FY 2010



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I. Executive Summary

The budget plan of the Franklin Fire Department is intended to outline the department's direction both fiscally and operationally over the next fiscal year. Our proposed tactical or short-range goals, combined with our strategic or long-range goals are intended to develop an organization and system that provides state-of the-art, quality services to the departments' employees and the citizens they serve.

Our employees continue to be the chief reason for maintaining our current the level of success and high level of services we provide our citizens. They continue to work tirelessly to protect life and property within Franklin. In addition to their on-duty responses, our employees commit countless hours in continuing education and training targeted to maintain and improved upon their emergency skills. In addition, this year marks an important milestone in our employee's commitment to providing quality services to the community. Each employee participated in an internal strategic planning initiative, providing input and direction into the future direction of the service needs of the department. This effort has yielded significant and broad insight into the requirements necessary to maintain and improve upon the services we provide to the citizens of Franklin. Items brought forward have been incorporated into the tactical, strategic and capital planning initiatives contained herein.

This year the department is seeking funding to address 13 tactical goals. Among these goals includes funding for additional personnel needed to address supervisory span of control issues in our day-to-day emergency operations. Presently our current supervisory presence of one Captain and one Lieutenant exceed nationally recommended standards for the number of subordinates supervised by these officers. Additionally, we are seeking funds to restore the fire prevention and administrative assistant positions lost through budget cuts in Fiscal Year 2000. The department is also seeking to building upon our previous success in improving upon education for our employees to enhance their safety and provide quality services to the citizens of Franklin. Lastly, this year's plan will include development of various operational plans to insure timely and competent emergency services in the event of hazardous materials release and emergencies in the State Forest.

In addition to the department's requested and level funded budget figures you will find a figure reflecting a \$ 275,000 or – 6.6% level of funding from that of Fiscal Year 2009. In net terms this will require the department to reduce our daily minimum staffing from the present 10 firefighter – paramedics per day to 9. In terms of overall department performance we currently project that this level of staffing will have a negative effect on our response readiness as well as our ability to provide on-time services. Additionally, reduced funding will also eliminate our ability to achieve Tactical Goals 1 through 8 as outlined herein.

This year we have again included our Long Range Resource Plan. This document is intended to identify the long range additions required to accommodate the increasing demands for department services. The Long Range Resource Plan identifies trends in both emergency and non-emergency services and the resources (personnel, fleet and facilities) required to meet these service demands. You will note that plans outlined for 2008 and 2009 have yet to be fulfilled. As a result we continue to push these plans off into the future.



We have also included an estimated three year operations and maintenance budget. These estimations embody the growth projected in the long-range plan and the anticipated impact to our annual budget requests. This projection, combined with our customary Capital Improvement plan, will hopefully provide decision makers with the information needed to properly plan for operational needs in successive fiscal years.







II. Mission Statement of the Town of Franklin

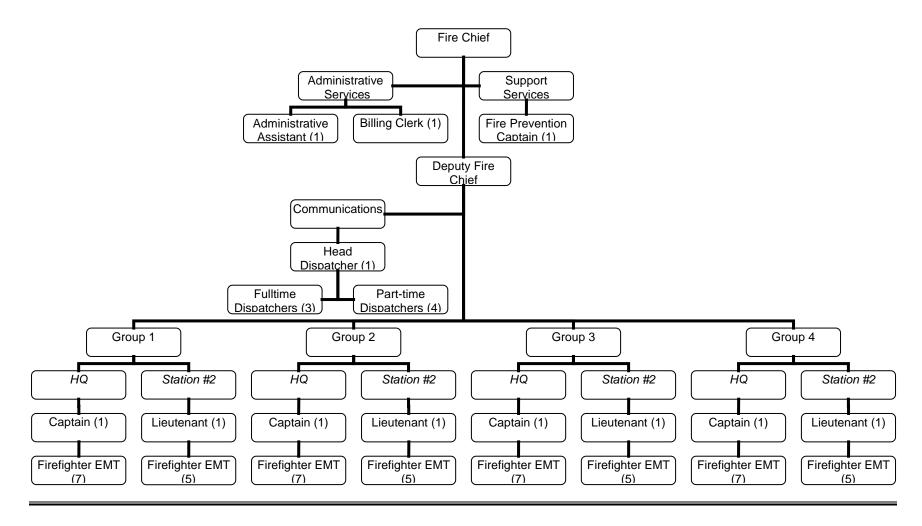
It is the mission of the Town of Franklin's governmental entities to provide all of its citizens with the greatest possible spectrum of basic services, directed at publicly expressed community needs, at the least possible costs. This includes providing the children of our community with the ability to attain a higher plane of achievement within the school system, the less fortunate a variety of assistance and support programs, the elderly with services directed to meet their ever increasing leisure and health needs, and the public as a whole with a high degree of services from infrastructure support to recreational possibilities. As a corollary strategy to provide excellent services, the adequate maintenance of existing facilities must also be accomplished on a priority basis. All of this must be concluded within the scope of affordability in order not to burden our taxpayers beyond their capacity to pay.

III. Mission Statement of the Town of Franklin Fire Department

The mission of the Franklin Fire Department is to ...

- Have a positive impact in the lives of citizens and visitors of Franklin in their time of crisis by providing compassionate, contemporary, community driven services.
- Safeguard human life from the perils of fire, sudden illness, injury or other emergency medical condition, natural and man-made disasters as well as preserve the environment and property from ensuing destruction.
- Be responsible for a safe, productive and pleasant work environment for our employees, and provide them opportunities to gain new skills and advance their personal career goals.

IV. Organizational Chart





V. Operational Objectives

The operational objectives the department uses to measure its success in meeting our mission are:

- A. Initiating advanced life support to patients within 8 minutes of receiving the telephone call at our communications center.
- B. To access, extricate, treat and transport and transport trauma patients to a level one trauma medical facility within one hour of the occurrence of the injury.
- C. Interrupt the progression of fires in structures within 8 minutes of open flame ignition.
- D. Maintain overall emergency response readiness above 70%.
- E. Provide safety and survival skills for all school students in grade K through 5 consistent with the Student Awareness Fire Education (SAFE) initiative of the Commonwealth.
- F. Provide educational opportunities for department members to insure optimal performance and safety.
- G. To develop and maintain "best practice" to insure personnel and citizen safety.
- H. Insure fire safety through timely, consistent code compliance services to all external customers.
- I. Provide all department services in a manner that satisfies the needs of our customers.

Attainment of Operational Objectives during Fiscal Year 2008.

- A. The department arrived at 91% of all medical emergencies within 8:00 minutes of initial receipt of call.
- B. The department's transport times for trauma patients was not readily available at the time of this report.
- C. The department arrived at 83% of all building fires within 8:00 minutes of initial receipt of call.
- D. The department's overall emergency response readiness was 82% in Fiscal Year 2008.
- E. The department's SAFE educators provided education to approximately 5,040 individuals through various venues.
- F. The department continued to support in-house education opportunities in fire and EMS topics.
- G. The department continued to maintain programs, staffing and equipment consistent with industry best practices
- H. There were not fires reported in occupancies which were inspected by the fire department in FY'08.



VI. Accomplishments Fiscal Year 2009

The achievements of objectives outlined in our Fiscal Year 2009 Strategic Plan will be substantially completed at the end of the Fiscal Year. All of the 16 tactical goals outline within the 2009 Strategic Plan have been addressed although some will not be completed due to the mid year budget cuts. The completion and progress of the objectives outlined below are the collective efforts of the entire organization and are a tribute to a great group of people serving a great community!

- 1. Decrease the supervisory span of control for day-to-day routine and emergency operations. NOT FUNDED IN FY'09 BUDGET
- 2. Develop and implement a Pre-Incident Data collections system for use by emergency personnel.

The program design and risk assessment phases of this goal have been completed. The department has received updates to our Computer Aided Program to capture vital information regarding buildings within Franklin. Additionally we have developed a prioritized list of commercial properties that will receive visits to for data collection and will begin the process of collecting field data during the third quarter of the fiscal year. Also during that time we will implement the "tear and run" portion of the program which will allow dispatchers to rapidly print maps and property data for firefighter for retrieval prior to leaving the fire station. The development portion of the program will be completed with the installation of rugged laptop computers in staffing fire engines for field retrieval of information. This is scheduled to be completed in during the last quarter of the Fiscal Year.

3. Complete a risk assessment and possible program development for a Technical Rescue Program.

This objective has progressed slowly during the fiscal year. Presently we anticipate the majority of the work on this program to be completed during the third and fourth guarter of the fiscal year.

4. Develop and implement a stipend position for vehicle maintenance.

This objective is subject to the collective bargaining process and is awaiting the out come of our on-going negotiations with the Firefighters Union.

5. Develop a system for rotating new employees through both fire stations.

This objective involves discussions with our labor union and will be completed during the last quarter of the fiscal year.

6. Investigate Fire Accreditation.

This objective has been placed on hold due to mid-year budget cuts.



7. Enhance public education on code compliance issues to include Smoke Detector and Carbon Monoxide Detector outreach.

This objective has been achieved through a heightened use of the internet and the Fire Department's page on the Town's new web-site. This new and update means of communication has allowed the department to increase outreach to the community in a cost effective fashion.

8. Increase public outreach and public relations to Citizens of the Town.

This objective has been met through several programmatic offerings mainly under the leadership of SAFE Officer Robert Donovan and several key assistants. Over this fiscal year this group has visit all K though 5 public schools classrooms to deliver fire safety and survival skills. They also have participated with various community group, the senior center and competed their annual Open House in conjunction with Fire Prevention Week. In the third quarter of the fiscal year, Firefighter Donovan completed the first in a series of on-going local access cable television programs targeting fire and safety messages.

9. Complete a department wide safety audit.

The safety assessment for department operations was completed in the second quarter of the fiscal year. The first draft of the safety audit will receive staff review during the fist quarter then published for department review during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year.

- 10. Improve the department's ability to provide code compliance services. NOT FUNDED IN FY'09 BUDGET
- 11. Increase administrative support for department operations. NOT FUNDED IN FY'09 BUDGET
- 12. Incorporate a portable cascade system into a new or existing piece of equipment.

The department received the replacement to our 1985 ladder truck in June of 2008. This unit was constructed with a portable cascade system which allows us to refill reservoir bottles of the firefighter's Self Contained Breathing Apparatus while at the scene of the emergency.

13. Incorporate the turning on of night-lights with station alarm system.

The lighting system at Station #2 has been upgraded to accommodate controlling night-lights from our dispatch center. This was completed during the first quarter of the fiscal year.

14. Augment current computer aided dispatch.

The department has fully developed a robust computer aided dispatch program during the 1st and 2nd quarters of the fiscal year. The enhancements made during this fiscal year include:

- · Automatic generation of vehicle response order
- Automatic generation of computer GIS map upon dispatch.
- Ability to capture specialized information related to specific properties (e.g. handicapped occupants, special hazards, etc.)
- Ability to maintain on-going changes of status of individual properties.



The last phase of this objective is to complete the connection of the software system to the 9-1-1 circuitry in order to lessen the processing time for receiving emergency calls. This is anticipated to be completed in the 3rd quarter of the fiscal year.

15. Incorporate annual live-fire training in annual fire training schedule.

Attempts to complete this goal during the earlier part of the fiscal year were not possible due to a water ban in the Town of Milford. Our live fire training was to be completed at the fire training tower at the Milford Fire Headquarters. Plans to implement this objective during the 3rd or 4th quarter of this fiscal year will not be possible due to mid year budget cuts.

16. Implement the department's portion of the Town's capital improvement plan.

During the fiscal year, the department completed the process of moving into our new Fire Headquarters facility located at 40 West Central Street. Additionally, the department received capital improvement funds to replace 10 sets of structural firefighting clothing and complete the process of replacing radio pager units. The firefighter protective clothing was received in the second quarter of the fiscal year – pager delivery is anticipated during the third quarter of the fiscal year.





VII. Tactical Goals – Fiscal Year 2010

1. Decrease the supervisory span of control for day-to-day routine and emergency operations.

Nationally recognized management standards indicate a managerial span of control should be between 3 to 7 subordinate units depending upon the time available and complexity of work to be accomplished. Quite simply, Span of Control is the management concept that one person can only effectively control a limited number of subordinates. While the optimal number of *individual subordinate* workers is recognized as 5 (five workers for each supervisor - for a ratio of workers to supervisors of 5:1) fire service and military models reveal that one supervisor, in emergency or adverse conditions should oversee no more than three operational *groups* for a ratio of 3:1 (3 working groups for each supervisor).

Presently, the department operates with one shift supervisor (rank of Captain) operating from Headquarters (West Central Street). This position is responsible for the proper operation and overall supervision of all on-duty resources at both fire stations. Additionally, there is a station supervisor or working foreman (rank of Lieutenant) who is responsible for the staff and equipment on-duty at Station #2 (King Street). At our current authorized levels of staffing, when at minimum staffing levels, the shift supervisor is responsible for the Lieutenant at Station #2 as well as four subordinates at Headquarters for a total of five *individual subordinates* (5:1 ratio). The number of *individual subordinates* supervised can grow to 7 (7:1 ratio) when at maximum staffing (no absences). Further, when at minimum staffing, the shift supervisor is responsible for the Lieutenant operating at Station #2 (two operating groups) and the two operating groups from Headquarters for a total of three operating units (3:1 ratio).

In response to this strain on effective command and control, this fiscal year the department has requested funds to begin the first phase of a several stepped process to provide effective levels of command and control on a day-to-day basis. This year we have requested funds to provide one additional Lieutenant (first line supervisor) at our Headquarters facility. This will augment our daily supervisory presence from one Captain (shift supervisory) and one Lieutenant (station supervisor) to one Captain and two Lieutenants. The second Lieutenant's position will be assigned to Headquarters and will reduce present subordinate to supervisor ratios from the present to as low as two subordinates per supervisor (2:1) to a high of four subordinates per supervisor (4:1). To accomplish this funds have been requested to increase daily minimum staffing from 10 to 11 personnel through the use of overtime personnel. This strategy of overtime usage will, in time, allow for steady budget growth with the eventual addition of personnel as outline in our long-range resource projections. The strategic advantage in this fiscal year is that supervisory span of control can be realized without suffering increased costs associated with employee benefits.



2. Improve the department's ability to provide code compliance services.

Prior to cutbacks, the department provided code compliance services through two personnel. One personnel was responsible for providing code compliance for the Commonwealth Fire Prevention Regulations, with the other position responsible for compliance with the fire provisions within the State's Building Code. Reductions in positions have allowed us to maintain one code compliance employee with additional responsibilities divided between the Fire Chief and Deputy Fire Chief. With the ever-increasing demands for service, this arrangement is becoming increasingly problematic. The department finds it increasing difficult to meet the expectation of citizens to provide prompt inspection and plans review services due to too few people performing too many tasks. Further, we lack sufficient personnel to complete preventative work such as routine walk-thru inspections. This type of work is among the most important for the citizens of Franklin since it can prevent hazards and peril before they occur.

Funding requested will allow the department to replace one fire prevention position lost in FY'01. This position is requested at the Lieutenant's level to provide compensation and authority commensurate with the tasks to be assigned.

3. Increase administrative support for department operations.

During fiscal year 2000, the department's administrative support consisted of one full-time employee and two part-time employees. One part-time employee is dedicated to billing for ambulance services, the other part-time employee served the capacity of payables clerk as well as back-up services to the one full-time administrative assistant – this position was eliminated due to budget reductions. The administrative assistant is now responsible for payroll; payables; receivables; purchase; administrative support for the fire chief, deputy fire chief, and fire prevention officer; and function scheduling. As our organization had grown in complexity this workload periodically becomes excessive. Further similar to various other department operations we have no depth within this function – if the administrative secretary or billing clerk are absent, so is job performance. Thus the department is requesting the restoration of a part-time (20 hour) administrative assistant position to provide relief to the administrative assistant and a minor level of back-up support for both the billing clerk and administrative assistant.

4. Study the efficiency and effectiveness of changing current staffing from patterns from 7 at Headquarters and 5 at Station #2, to 6 at each fire station.

Currently the department schedules 7 personnel at Headquarters and 5 personnel at Station #2 when at full staffing. When personnel are on leave, oftentimes personnel are required to transfer from station to station on a temporary basis. The purpose of this objective is to study whether staffing with 6 personnel at each station will minimize station transfers while maintaining efficiency and effectiveness of department operations.



5. Investigate the feasibility of increasing on-duty paramedic staffing from 3 minimum to 4 minimum.

The department currently maintains a minimum of three paramedics' on-duty for each shift. This objective will study the feasibility of increasing minimum paramedic shift staffing from 3 paramedics to 4 paramedics.

6. Continue to enhance department training and continuing education through the following:

- Completing live fire training on an annual basis.
- Provide education related to Code Compliance for line personnel.
- Incorporate more hands-on training in both fire & EMS subject matters.
- Vary subject matter of in-house EMS training.

7. Increase the number of personnel certified as CPR instructors to enhance our ability to provide public CPR education.

The department presently has a limited (six) number of personnel certified as instructors of Cardio pulmonary resuscitation. Given this number and our rotating shift schedule, we sometimes have difficulties meeting public demand for CPR education. This objective is intended to certify and additional 6 personnel as CPR Instructors.

8. Reconstitute the Department's Honor Guard for deployment at ceremonial events.

In previous years the department maintained and Honor Guard which participated in various ceremonial events to include Holiday Parades and funerals. Over the years, the honor guard lost momentum and became inactive. The purpose of this objective is to identify whether there is sufficient motivation among our workforce to reconstitute the Honor Guard. Note: funds to complete this objective will be obtained through donations, gift funds and other sources.

9. Provide and educational library at each fire station.

This year we anticipate purchasing various reference and study materials, in various media, at each station to assist department employees keep abreast of current developments and study for promotional examinations.

10. Develop comprehensive hazardous materials plan to insure proper resources to incidents on the highway and fixed facilities.

This goal is intended to assure that the proper resource structure is available for respond to the Town in the event of a major hazardous materials incident. Presently the department relies upon its existing structural firefighting multiple alarm cards for resource deployment. Although this meets most of the needs, this objective is intended to insure resources, unique to hazard materials incidents are available for rapid response.

11. Upgrade the self contained breathing apparatus brackets on Engines #1 and #4

The brackets presently installed for storing the self contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) on Engine #1 and Engine #4 do not meet current standards intended to securely hold these devices in the event of a vehicle crash. Funds within this year budget will upgrade these holders to enhance the safety of employees, commensurate with current standards.



- 12. Develop and implement a comprehensive search and rescue plan for the State Forest Area.
 - The department annually responds to about 6 emergency incidents within the State Forest on Grove Street. This objective is intended to develop a standard operational plan for the State Forest to reduce the overall time committed during operations therein.
- 13. Implement the Fire Department's portion of the Town's Capital Improvement Plan. Specifically incorporating the following items in the anticipated purchased.
 - Provide a 1,000 gallon water tank on the replacement for Engine #4.
 - Secure funding for replacement hand tools with vehicle replacement.
 - Change the standard Rescue configuration with the replacement for Rescue #3.





VIII. Budget Information

A. Summary of Operations & Maintenance Budget

FUNCTION	Public Safety DE	Fire Department		DEPT. NO.:	220	FY: 2010	
Account #	Title/Description	FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
(001)	Total Personnel Services	\$ 4,006,418	\$ 3,842,579	\$ 4,048,156	\$ 4,095,609	\$ 4,361,775	\$ 3,776,600
(002)	Total Expenses	\$ 356,582	\$ 323,083	\$ 368,867	\$ 380,535	\$ 380,543	\$ 365,423
(004)	Total Capital Improvements		700				-
8	Total Operating Budget	\$ 4,363,000	\$ 4,165,661	\$ 4,417,023	\$ 4,476,144	\$ 4,742,318	\$ 4,142,022
- 集協	Variance from FY'09 Approve	d	44 / 10		\$ 59,121	\$ 325,295	-\$ 275,000
	Percent variance from FY'09	The second	Z C Z SAN	1.4 %	7.4%	- 6.6%	



B. Personnel Allocation

Title/Description	FY'07 Approved	FY'08 Approved	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
Chief Fire Officers	2	2	2	2	2	2
Uniformed Personnel	49	49	49	49	50	47
Total Uniformed Personnel	51	51	51	51	52	49
Civilian Staff Personnel	3	3	2	2	3	1
Dispatch Personnel - Fulltime	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total Civilian Personnel	7	7	6	6	7	5
Full time Personnel	58	58	57	57	59	54
Uniformed Personnel - Pt-time	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dispatch Personnel - Part-time	4	4	4	4	4	4
Civilian Staff Personnel	0	0	0	0	0	0
Part time Personnel	4	4	4	4	4	4
Total Personnel	62	62	61	61	63	58

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C. Capital Improvement Program

							11/2000		120
Year Purchased	Item Description	Replace Cycle	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
ire Attack Vehicles (1	5 Year Rotation)	à						STATE OF THE PARTY	
2007	Pumper (Engine 1)	2022		+		1/6		STORES STORES	200
2005	Rehab Unit	As needed		9		///			
1995	Pumper (Engine 2)	2010	450,000	1					
1997	Pumper (Engine 3)	2012	C26-		450,000				BEE B
2000	Rescue-Pumper (Engine 4)	2015						450,000	100
2008	Aerial Tower	2023				128	(a) (a) (a) (b)		
orest Fire Vehicles (1	5 Year Rotation		100	1	The same of		10 70 10	THE PARTY OF	
2004	Brush fire 4x4	2019	PR		1		# - 8 M.	NELIN	5
2004	Brush fire 4x4	2019		May 100		4			
mergency Medical Ve	ehicles (6 Year Rotation)	12				1			
2006	Rescue Ambulance (Rescue 2)	2012		260,000		3		0.09414	100
2009	Rescue Ambulance (Rescue 3)	2015	SHOIMS	. PRANKL	N TO	In'm :		260,000	
2007	Rescue Ambulance (Rescue 1)	2013				260,000	9 3	I Isa	
Support & Staff Vehicle	es (10 Year Rotation)	-		40	National Control				
- 1 May 201		30	2		,	T			
1997	Station Car (C4)	2006	35,000	1	-	10		0	3
1997	Pick-up Truck	2017	-	1311	1	1			
1997	Fire Prevention C6	Rotation	1			11	المستقديد	A	
1999	Fire Chief Car (C1)	2009	35,000		-				
1999	Deputy Chief Car (C2)	2008	35,000	1 32	1	-			
2006	Shift Commander Car (C3)	2015	18						
2006	All-terrain Vehicle	2016			- 100				
2008	Rescue Boat		20,500						
Vehicle Replacement R	equests		\$835,500	\$260,000	\$450,000	\$260,000	\$ -	\$710,000	\$



D. Non Fleet Capital

Item Informa	ation		Fiscal Year									
Purchased	Item Description	Replace	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016			
1999	Copy Machine - STA 2	7 Years	7,000				219.78	to All				
2005	Self Contained Breathing Apparatus	10 Years						300,000				
2003	Thermal Imaging Camera	6 Years					L					
2007	Copy Machine - HQ	7 Years				1000	7,000					
2000	Auto Extrication Device - Sta #2	10 Years	30,000	100				7 4				
2006	Auto Extrication Device - HQ	10 Years					710 (4)		30,000			
2001	Alarm Transceiver	12 Years				40,000						
2002	Breathing Air Compressor	15 Years	4				420 000					
2003	Cardiac Defibrillator	5 Years	70,000					75,000				
N/A	Computer Technology	N/A	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000					
N/A	Non disposable Medical Equipment	N/A	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	Marie .				
2008	Base Station Radio	15 Years						The same				
1998	Radio Comparator	10 Years	24,100									
1996	Radio Repeaters	15 Years	· 2223	35,750								
N/A	Mobile Digital Radio Conversation		30,000	2000								
2006	Portable Radios	7 Years	· 37///			200,000						
2004	Radio Pagers	7 Years		10,000								
2008	MCI Trailer		62,000									
	Station Fixtures & Furnishings											
	Miscellaneous Equipment			15,000								
2003	Fire fighting Protective Clothing	5 Years	18,000	18,000	18,000	18,000			- 			





Station #2 Upg	grades		75,000		500,000			
Traffic Pre Em	nption Devices	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000	21,000
Non-Fleet Capital Equipmen	nt .	272,100	184,750	59,000	789,000	38,000	396,000	51,000









FUNCTION:	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	DEPT. NO.:			220		FY: 2010
Account #	Title/Description	FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
001	Personal Services						
511010	Department Head:	107,100	105,621	110,828	112,797	112,797	110,411
	Funds for the salary of the Fire Chief.						
511260	Fire fighters:	2,317,377	2,325,876	2,437,090	2,534,388	2,578,184	2,388,543
	Funds in this account are used to compensate all uniformed career personnel in the emergency services and non-emergency services to include Captain, Lieutenants, and Medic Fire fighters. The requested amount includes step increases for junior personnel as required by the collective bargaining agreement. Requested Budget includes the amount necessary to promote 4 new Lieutenant positions on 1 January. These positions are necessary to bolster day-to-day supervision and command and control. Funds have also been required to replace one Lieutenant code compliance officer which was eliminated in 2001. Code Compliance Lieutenant \$ 28,781 Lieutenant Promotions \$ 15,015						
511280	Civilian Personnel	257,471	247,216	224,841	231,659	266,659	186,004
	The funds in this account are used to compensate Uniformed Dispatch and Clerical Personnel in accordance with their collective bargaining agreement. - Dispatchers = \$ 162,482 - Clerical Support = \$ 69,177						
511520	Administrative Personnel:	91,822	90,942	95,069	96,758	96,758	95,069
	This account funds the salaries of the department's Deputy Fire Chief.						
513120	Scheduled Overtime:	87,820	80,597	55,878	58,471	58,471	40,226
	These funds are used to cover shifts of emergency services personnel for the following circumstances: - To increase typical shift staffing during periods of anticipated high call volume or other special events (including snowstorms and other weather related events). - To maintain adequate shift staffing while on-duty members attend department related meetings or other related events - The increase in this year's request are due to anticipated increases in non-emergency activity. - Additionally we have requested funds to complete functions programs and enhancements outlined in our tactical budget						

FUNCTION:	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	DEPT. NO.:			220		FY: 2010
Account #	Title/Description	FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
513140	Non Scheduled Overtime (Fire Callback):	96,100	102,136	75,000	80,250	100,905	75,000
	Funds in this account are used to compensate personnel responding off-duty to provide coverage during large-scale emergencies or when the department receives several simultaneous emergencies. The amount requested is typically the average amount expended over the last several fiscal years.						
513150	On Call/Standby (Ambulance Callback):	20,000	64,434	20,000	21,400	20,600	20,000
	These funds are needed to compensate off-duty personnel who respond to augment on-duty staffing when multiple, simultaneous ambulance calls (44%) are received. The increase usually requested is based upon the trends developed over the past fiscal year. This year however we require an upward adjustment based upon our experience of callback needs during full staffing. The amount requested is required to compensate for the off-duty response for large-scale medical emergencies and trauma calls, as well as serious medical emergencies requiring more than 2 paramedics to manage.						
513160	Civilian Personnel Overtime	50,986	36,996	49,293	50,843	50,843	50,843
	Funds in this account are used to maintain adequate staffing levels when civilian dispatch personnel are absent on leave (sick, vacation, personnel time off).						
513170	Holiday Overtime	30,000	16,262	17,680	18,210	30,000	17,680
	This account is needed to provide funds to maintain adequate shift staffing for emergency operations for personnel using holiday leave as outlined in the collective bargaining agreement. The reduction is recommended based upon experience data over the past two fiscal years. Requested Budget allows for funding to increase minimum shift staffing from 10 personnel to 11 personnel through the use of overtime personnel filling vacancies created by personnel using holiday leave.						
513210	Vacation Coverage	174,306	89,574	160,160	93,303	175,000	72,191
	Funds in this account are used to compensate for the coverage of Uniformed fire personnel using vacation leave in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement. The decrease is recommended based upon experience over the past 1.5 fiscal years when the department was at full staffing. Requested Budget allows for funding to increase minimum shift staffing from 10 personnel to 11 personnel through the use of overtime personnel filling vacancies created by personnel using vacation leave.						

FUNCTION:	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	DEPT. NO.:			220		FY: 2010
Account #	Title/Description	FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
513210	Illness Coverage	75,932	38,061	60,320	40,000	75,932	25,688
	These funds are used to maintain adequate shift staffing levels for emergency service operations when on-duty personnel are absent due to non job related illness or injury. The decrease is recommended based upon experience over the past 1.5 fiscal years when the department was at full staffing. Requested Budget allows for funding to increase minimum shift staffing from 10 personnel to 11 personnel through the use of overtime personnel filling vacancies created by personnel using illness leave.)					
513225	Fire Safety Education Program	17,000	13,667	17,680	18,035	18,035	17,680
	These fund were historically provided in the form of a grant from the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and provides funding necessary to continue school based safety and surviva training. This heightened level of funding combined with state funding will insure classroom access for all grades K-5.	I					
513260	Training Coverage	140,524	100,618	136,793	152,160	182,223	118,500
	These funds are used to compensate off-duty personnel in the attendance of mandatory department training. This includes training necessary to maintain emergency medica services (Paramedic and EMT) certifications. Additionally funds are used to maintain Requested Budget provides additional funding to allow for additional monthly EMS and Dispatcher training focused to insure skill maintenance and enhancements.						
514010	Shift Differential	5,475	8,472	6,205	6,205	6,205	6,205
314010	These funds are used to meet our obligations under the collective bargaining agreement with department dispatch personnel who receive premium pay for working 3PM to 11PM shift.		0,472	0,203	0,203	0,203	0,200
514030	Holiday Differential	42,035	33,808	48,766	43,071	43,148	43,071
	These funds are used to compensate personnel who work during state and national holidays in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement. - Uniformed Personnel = \$ 39,305 - Dispatch Personnel = \$ 3,766		,	12,100	-5,551	12,110	,
514050	Education Incentives:	45,000	54,650	57,250	62,000	62,000	56,000
	These funds are used to compensate personnel who have attained college degrees in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement.						
514060	Additional Assigned Duties:	5,200	12,139	5,408	5,570	5,408	5,570
	These funds are used to compensate personnel for temporarily working out of category (e.g. A fire fighter working in the capacity of acting Lieutenant)						

FUNCTION:	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	DEPT. NO.:			220		FY: 2010
Account #	Title/Description	FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
514070	Other Additional Pay (EMT Bonus)	275,296	265,777	279,715	290,276	296,407	271,019
	These funds are used to compensate personnel for maintaining EMS certifications in accordance with the collective bargaining agreements. Requested budget includes increases associated with additional personnel and proposed promotions.					·	· · · · · ·
514090	Stipends	15,000	6,750	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
314030	Funds in this account compensate for specialty positions in accordance with our collective bargaining agreements.	13,000	0,730	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
515010	Holiday Pay:	116,799	118,268	134,755	123,600	126,000	125,400
	These funds are used to compensate personnel for holidays and in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement. The increase is due to the impact of personnel hired in the last fiscal year. - Uniformed Personnel = \$ 120,791 - Civilian Dispatch Personnel = \$ 3,839						
515040	Line of Duty Injury	10,000	2,939	10,400	10,712	10,300	5,600
	This new account is requested to allow for better tracking of costs associated with loss time injuries sustained while on duty.						
51505	Longevity	20,725	20,775	21,025	21,900	21,900	21,900
	These funds are needed to compensate career employees for length of service in accordance with the collective bargaining agreements.						
519020	Sick Leave Buyback:	4,450	7,000	9,000	9,000	9,000	9,000
	These funds are used to buyback unused, accumulated sick leave from employees as outlined in the collective bargaining agreements and based upon experience data.						
	Total Personnel Services (001)	\$ 4,006,418	\$ 3,842,579	\$ 4,048,156	\$ 4,095,609	\$ 4,361,775	\$ 3,776,600
002	Expenses						
519030	Tuition Reimbursement	2,500	3,312	2,500	3,500	3,500	3,500
	This is the first year these funds have been requested and is needed to satisfy the requirements of the collective bargaining agreement. Employees receive 50% tuition reimbursement for achieving an average mark on college level course work.						
519040	Uniform Allowance:	3,700	4,300	3,700	4,300	4,300	4,300
	These funds are needed to purchase uniforms for dispatch personnel in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement.						
519050	Uniform Cleaning Allowance:	20,400	30,748	30,600	30,600	30,600	29,400
	These funds are required in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement and used to compensate personnel for cleaning and maintaining work uniforms.			·		·	
524020	Vehicle Maintenance	34,000	50,377	34,000	45,000	45,000	45,000
	These funds are required to purchase services of a third party vendor to supply vehicle repair services for the department's fleet vehicles and fire apparatus and EMS vehicles.			·			
524030	Equipment Maintenance – Other	12,500	9,838	12,500	10,000	10,000	10,000
_							

FUNCTION:	Public Safety	DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	DEPT. NO.:			220		FY: 2010
Account #	Title/Description		FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
		to maintain miscellaneous fire and EMS equipment including (SCE tygen for EMS operations.	A)					
524040	Office Equipment Ma	intenance	4,000	-	4,000	1,000	1,000	2,000
	These funds are use department's administration	ed to maintain miscellaneous office equipment associated with trative services.	he					
524050	Computer Equipment	Maintenance	10,000	32	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
	Funds in this account a	are used to maintain computer network equipment and appurances.						
524060	Communications Equ		5,000	1,907	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000
	communications syste	ecessary to obtain services to maintain the department's rac m. Devices covered under this account include radio pagers, portal pase station radios and radio repeaters.						
524090	Other Contractual Se	rvices	20,000	23,210	20,000	23,000	23,000	23,250
	department emergence	to purchase maintenance contracts for equipment associated with ty medical services and includes equipment such as cardiac monito itionally, funds are used for service contracts for the department MS medical control.	ors					
527030	Equipment Rental		1,600	2,195	1,600	1,600	1,600	1,600
	These funds are use personnel.	d for the rental associated with telephone pagers for department	ent					<u> </u>
530300	Health/Medical Service	ces	1,000	2,808	10,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
		to compensate for medical services associated with the department gram which includes annual inoculations, vaccinations and infection						
534020	Telephone		11,000	6,555	11,000	7,000	7,000	7,000
-	These funds are need	ded for the purchase of telephone services to include local and lo ellular telephone providers.		,			,	
534040	Printing & Binding		2,000	6,063	2,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
	These funds are use	d to purchase various print items for the department. These iter ort forms, envelopes and like supplies.	ns		·			

FUNCTION:	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	DEPT. NO.:			220		FY: 2010
Account #	Title/Description	FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
542010	Office Supplies	5,700	5,557	5,700	5,700	5,700	5,700
	These funds are necessary to purchase various clerical supplies for the department's administrative functions.						
542080	Office Equipment	4,517	8,396	4,517	4,517	4,525	4,517
	The funds in this account are used for the purchase and replacement of miscellaneous office equipment for use by the department.						
542110	Uniforms and Clothing	49,500	35,945	45,500	45,500	45,500	43,900
	These funds are required to purchase uniforms for uniformed personnel in accordance with various collective bargaining agreements.						
548010	Vehicular Parts & Accessories	10,000	14,629	10,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
	These funds are needed for the routine maintenance supplies for the department's fleet of vehicles. These supplies include filters, tires, batteries and like items.						
548030	Vehicular Lubricants	500	-	-	-		-
	These funds are needed to purchase oil, lubricants, antifreeze and similar materials for the department's fleet vehicles, fire apparatus and ambulances.						
549050	Food – Departmental	1,500	3,633	1,500	2,000	2,000	2,000
	These funds are used to purchase food and other rehabilitation supplies needed to sustain emergency services personnel while operating at prolonged operations. Additionally, funds are used to purchase refreshments for various department events.						
550010	Health/Medical Supplies	51,000	45,871	51,000	51,000	51,000	51,000
	These funds are used to purchase expendable medical supplies used in the providing Emergency Medical Services. These supplies include bandages, splitting materials, oxygen tubing and similar supplies. The requested increase is due to increasing costs of supplies and anticipated increase in usage.						
552050	Firefighting Supplies	35,000	18,804	35,000	35,000	35,000	31,000
	These funds are used to purchase various items used in emergency service operations. - Miscellaneous Tools & Equipment = \$ 30,000 - Supplies for stipend positions = \$ 5,000	,		,	,		
552060	Fire Hose Replacement	5,000	-	3,500	3,500	3,500	-
	These funds are requested to provide routine replacement of fire hoses.						
552070	Fire Alarm Supplies	865	-	800	500	500	500
	These funds are used to purchase services and supplies needed to maintain the Town's municipal fire alarm systems.						

FUNCTION:	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	DEPT. NO.:			220		FY: 2010
Account #	Title/Description	FY'08 Approved	FY'08 Expended	FY'09 Approved	FY'10 Level Service	FY'10 Requested	FY'10 Reduced
552090	Other Public Safety Materials and Supplies	6,000	285	4,000	2,500	2,500	2,500
	The funds are needed to purchase public education materials used in the school programs, open houses and various information sessions presented by the department.						
553040	Instructional Materials	2,000	-	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
	These funds are used to purchase materials used in the department's in-service education programs.						
553900	Other Equipment		-	-	-	-	-
	Funds requested in this account in previous years have been relocated in Accounts 552050 Firefighting Supplies and 552060 Fire Hose Replacement						
554035	Chemicals	800	-	-		-	-
	These funds are necessary for the purchase of chemicals such as foam used for fire fighting operations.						
555015	Books & Publications	600	102	600	1,500	1,500	1,500
	The funds in this account are used to purchase books used to support training and continuing education efforts of department members.		102	000	1,000	1,000	1,000
571100	Meetings & Conferences (Training and In-State Travel)	48,900	44,489	51,850	54,443	54,443	47,756
	These funds are used to compensate external contractors which provide instructional services in both Fire and EMS continuing education session. Additionally, funds cover the costs associated with the attendance of conferences, schools and seminars for department personnel.						
573010	Dues & Memberships	7.000	4,028	7.000	7,375	7,375	8,000
	These funds are used to purchase memberships in various trade organizations trade related subscriptions to periodicals. Funding in this account also compensates for the medical control necessary to maintain the department's paramedic services.		,	-,,-,-		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	Total Expenses (002)	\$ 356,582	\$ 323,083	\$ 368,867	\$ 380,535	\$ 380,543	\$ 365,423
003	Equipment Outlay						
	Total Equipment Outlay (003)		\$ -	-	-		-
004	Capital Improvements						
5841	Building Improvements						
5874	Other Equipment						
	Total Capital Improvements (004)		-	-	-		-
	Total Operating Budget	\$ 4,363,000	\$ 4,165,661	\$ 4,417,023	<u> </u>	\$ 4,742,318	\$ 4,142,022
	Variance from FY'09 Approved				59,121	325,295	-275,000
	Percent variance from FY'09 Approved				1.4%	7.4%	-6.6%



IX. Strategic Planning Items

Below are listed various items identified during the department's strategic planning exercise for Fiscal Year 2009. Due to limits in financial and staff resources all items identified could not reasonable be included within the FY'10 operating budget. Some items have been brought forward as Tactical Goals in the FY'10 Strategic Plan. This list of items will be continued beyond FY'10 where they will receive proper consideration along with new items which may surface during the strategic planning process.

- a. Implement the hiring of a Full-time Training Officer to coordinate fire and emergency medical services continuing education.
- **b.** Implement the hiring of a Full-time SAFE Officer to coordinate public education.
- c. Upgrade the equipment cache on the Aerial Tower to include heavy rescue devices (e.g. air bags, etc.)
- d. Purchase a four-wheeled drive pick-up truck with plow blade to assist in department operations during winter snow storms.
- e. Equip staffed Engines as Class V Rescue vehicles with the Commonwealth of Massachusetts to ensure more availability of ALS equipment.
- f. Partner with area fire departments to develop a regional Technical Rescue Team.
- g. Purchase a "Combi-tool" for Engine #4.
- h. Increase audibility of radio communications during emergency operations by providing head sets/ear pieces for portable radios.
- i. Provide evaluation and upgrades as needed for Station #2.
- j. Investigate the feasibility of staffing the department's 3rd ambulance on a full-time basis.
- **k.** Investigate the feasibility to providing a training tower for use by department personnel.
- I. Tighten EMS transport policy to eliminate the transport of non-emergent patients.
- m. Evaluate the need and feasibility of implementing etomidate and phentenoyl in the pre hospital setting.
- n. Provide tool boxes at each station for minor repairs.



- o. Purchase a trailer for hazardous materials supplies.
- **p.** Investigate the feasibility of providing IV "chillers" for pre hospital use.
- **q.** Evaluate the effectiveness of providing permanent piece assignments for on-duty personnel.
- r. Evaluate the ability of the department to provide fitness trainers in conjunction with a comprehensive fitness program.
- s. Upgrade the current fitness equipment at Station #2.
- t. Investigate the efficiency of using surrounding communities rescue vehicles to provide station coverage on a mutual aid basis.
- u. Partner with area fire departments to develop a regional Dive Team.
- v. Replace the Brush Fire Tanker that was removed from service in 2008.
- w. Upgrade rope rescue and repelling equipment currently carried on Fire Engines.



X. Estimated Operating Budgets thru Fiscal Year 2012

Α.	Without Long Range Resource Plan additions.				
FUNCTION	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	FY'10			
Account #	Title/Description	Level Service	FY'11 Projected	FY'12 Projected	FY'13 Projected
1	Total Personnel Services	\$4,095,609	\$4,300,389	\$4,515,409	\$4,741,179
2	Total Expenses	\$380,535	\$399,562	\$419,540	\$440,517
3	Total Equipment Outlay				
4	Capital Improvements				
	Total Operating Budget	\$4,476,144	\$4,699,951	\$4,934,949	\$5,181,696
	Dollar Variance from previous Fiscal Year		\$223,807	\$234,998	\$246,747
	Percent Variance from previous Fiscal Year		5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
В.	With Long Range Resource Plan additions.				
FUNCTION	Public Safety DEPARTMENT: Fire Department	EV/40			
		FY'10 Level	FY'10	FY'11	FY'12
Account #	Title/Description	Service	Projected	Projected	Projected
1	Total Personnel Services	\$4,095,609	\$4,482,614	\$5,331,949	\$6,475,742
2	Total Expenses	\$380,535	420,866	441,910	464,005
3	Total Equipment Outlay				
4	Capital Improvements				
	Total Operating Budget	\$4,476,144	\$4,903,480	\$5,773,859	\$6,939,747
	Dollar Variance from previous Fiscal Year		\$427,336	\$870,379	\$1,165,888
	Percent Variance from previous Fiscal Year		9.55%	17.75%	20.19%



C. Personnel allocation with Long Range Planning Additions.

	FY'10 Level Funded	FY' 11 Projected	FY'12 Projected	FY' 13 Projected
Personnel Allocation		•	.,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Chief Fire Officers	2	2	2	2
Uniformed Personnel	49	54	61	66
Total Uniformed Personnel	51	56	63	68
Civilian Staff Personnel	2	3	3	3
Dispatch Personnel - Fulltime	4	4	4	4
Total Civilian Personnel	6	7	7	7
Full time Personnel	57	63	70	75
Uniformed Personnel - Part-time	0	0	0	0
Dispatch Personnel - Part-time	4	4	4	4
Civilian Staff Personnel	0	1	1	1
Part time Personnel	4	5	5	5
Total Personnel	61	68	75	80





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INTRODUCTION

During the preparation of its Fiscal Year 2000 budget, the department prepared and presented it first Strategic Plan outlining the long term vision for department operations as well as the short-term or tactical goals required to accomplish this vision. An important component of this strategic plan was to outline the long-term capital needs (Master Plan) of the department to insure timely and regular replacement of rolling stock, and in subsequent years the replacement of major capital needs in department facilities.

Previous editions of the strategic plan however, addressed only the replacement of current resources (fleet and facilities) as if current levels of resources will be sufficient infinitum. This is obviously not accurate and a flaw in the planning process. Given this planning flaw, the purpose of this document is to outline the resources necessary to sustain the level services currently enjoyed by the citizens of the Franklin as the community grows. A six-year planning cycle will be used coincidental with the time parameters of the capital improvement plan. We believe the planning assumptions projected herein must be addressed to assist decision makers in developing long-range fiscal decisions for the Town and to insure fire rescue services are maintained at a level necessary to maintain the quality of life in Franklin.

METHODOLOGY

The underlying premise of this report is that as the community grows, additional resources will be required to successfully meet the growing demands for services. Although it is often assumed that a direct relationship exists between population and necessary resources, this is usually anecdotal and therefore limited as a competent tool for predication. Further, the use of population data does not accurately reflect the impact of transient populations, which commute to, through or away from the community on a daily basis. Therefore, the focus of this report will be projections of emergency response rates. Emergency response rates typically display a fairly linear and mathematically valid relationship based upon previous experience. Although long-range response rates can be skewed by spikes of high incident years (out layers), the factors leading to these spikes are usually easily identified for mathematical adjustments.

Once the emergency response rates are projected the report will then identify the costs and timing necessary to maintain proper service levels. Capital costs will them be integrated with department's Capital Improvement Plan; costs which have direct impact on the operations and maintenance budget, will be reflected as a budget projection. This, combined with the capital improvement plan will provide decision makers a ability to plan for the future fiscal needs of safety services for the community and its citizens.



DATA IDENTIFICATION AND COLLECTION

Emergency Response Rates

Emergency Response Rates for the preceding 14 fiscal years are identified for evaluation. All historical data was obtained from the Annual Town Report of the Town of Franklin in the year referenced (Table 1).

Fiscal Year	Medical Emergencies	Fire Emergencies	Vehicle Crashes	Total Emergencies
1993	1,534	671	309	2,514
1994	1,398	748	222	2,368
1995	1,802	962	383	3,147
1996	1,820	897	336	3,053
1997	1,883	761	289	2,993
1998	1,853	805	235	2,893
1999	1,889	960	270	3,119
2000	1,862	1,183	193	3,238
2001	1,940	1,334	290	3,564
2002	1,828	1,172	335	3,335
2003	1,792	1,086	344	3,311
2004	1,856	1,068	295	3,219
2005	2,052	999	261	3,312
2006	2,231	1,185	271	3,686

Table 1

Response Reliability

Response reliability is defined as the percentage of time that all response resources within the system are available for emergency response. Since the department relies on cross-trained firefighter – paramedics to provide services, this analysis includes all incidents responded to by each station.

Source data for this information is the Massachusetts Fire Incident Reporting System for the Town of Franklin. The analysis of the information recorded reveled that singles station response averaged .6332 (37 minutes) hours per incident with two station responses averaging 1.23 hours



(74 minutes) per response. The average length of emergency response is then applied to the various types of emergencies the department responds to. This information is then applied to against the total number of staff hours available at each station (# available units x 1440 minutes per day x 365 days per year). The resultant figure then reflects the average amount of time that department resources are committed providing emergency services – which then leads to the amount of time available. The reliability figures for Fiscal Year 2005 are provided in Table 2.

Response Reliability							
Station	Incidents	Average Hours	Percent Committed	Percent Available			
West Central Street	2,183	2,186	24.95%	75.05%			
King Street	1,380	1,364	15.57%	84.43%			
System Totals*	3,563	3,550	40.52%	59.48%			

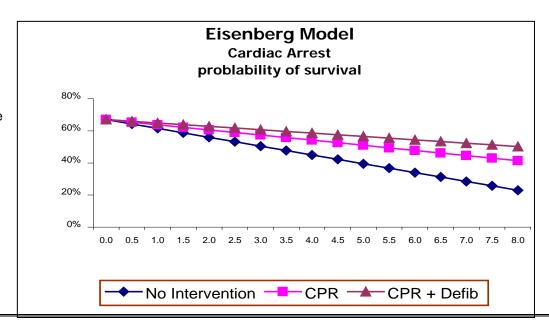
^{*} Includes incidents where both stations responded.

Table 2

Response Effectiveness

The concept of response effectiveness is defined as the ability of the department to amass sufficient vehicles and personnel in a timely fashion, to manage any given emergency incident. In terms of both emergency medical and fire response, effective on-time response is nationally recognized as eight minutes. For emergency medical services (EMS) response, this measurement is in response to our most life threatening condition – sudden cardiac arrest. Studies show that competent response by advanced life support personnel within 8 minutes of the onset of cardiac arrest will yield a 50% probability of survival (Figure 1).







Effective response to fire emergencies is compared to the risks associated with the type of occupancy and measure against a condition known as flashover. Flashover is a state where all combustibles within the area of fire origin reach its ignition temperature simultaneously. Once flashover is reached, fire spreads rapidly, high temperatures are reached (1,500° F.) and human survival is impossible. Accordingly certain occupancies are at higher risks from fire than others. Fire risks are classified in three categories (Low, Moderate or High) depending upon the potential loss of life, socio-economical impact to the community and fire suppression criteria. After establishing this criterion, a grid was overlaid upon a map of the Town with the characteristics of the underlying occupancies recorded. Response time for low hazard occupancies include 6 minutes for the first arriving apparatus and 8 minutes for all responding vehicles. Moderate hazards require a response of 5 minutes first due unit, 7 minutes additional responding vehicles. High hazard occupancies dictate a response of 4 minutes first-in apparatus and 6 minute all response vehicles. In total, the department can respond from our existing station locations within established time parameters to 72.5% of the community (Table 3).

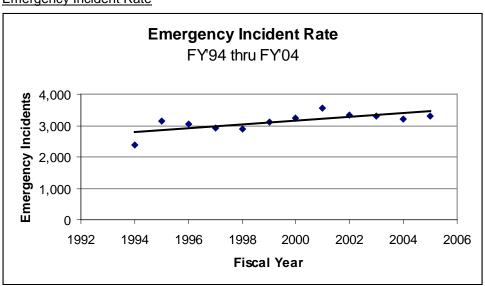
	ON THE EFFECTIVENESS BY FIRE DEVAND ZONE														
	On-TIME EFFECTIVENESS BY FIRE DEMAND ZONE														
	Deployment from West Central and King Street Stations														
	High	FDZ			Medium	ı FDZ			Low F	-DZ			System	Wide	
Total	Served On Time	Not Served	% Served	Total	Served On Time	Not Served	% Served	Total	Served On Time	Not Served	% Served	Total	Served On Time	Not Served	% Served
21	15	6	71.4%	9	5	4	55.6%	141	104	37	73.8%	171	124	47	72.5%
	FOUR-MINUTE TRAVEL TIME BY FIRE DEMAND ZONE														
			De	ployn	ent fro	m We	st Cen	tral an	d King	g Stree	et Stat	ion			
	High	FDZ			Mediu	m FDZ	<u>.</u>		Low	FDZ			System Wide		
Total	Served w/in 4 min.	Not served w/in 4 min.	I % Served	Total	Served w/in 4 min	Not served w/in 4 min.	% Served	Total	Served w/in 4 min	Not served w/in 4 min.	% Served	Total	Served w/in 4 min	Not served w/in 4 min.	% Served
21	15	(71.4%	5 9	5	4	55.6%	141	57	84	40.4%	171	77	94	45.0%

Table 3



DATA ANALYSIS

Emergency Incident Rate



Having identified the response data as the basis of our evaluation, the first task is to accurately process this data to project the future needs of the department. The mathematical calculation chosen for this projection is linear regression. This calculation was chosen due to its ease of use in projecting future incident rates (independent variable) based upon specific years (dependent variable). Further, regression calculations also provide coefficients, which allow us to determine the predicative power of the data set as well as its statistical significance. A scatter graph of the data from Table 1 (Figure 2) reveals an incident rate which inclines steadily (average 3.6% per annum) over time.

Figure 2

Mathematically, the regression statistics of this data set are:

Regression Statistics									
Multiple R	0.9983945								
R Square	0.9967915								
Adjusted R Square	-1.1								
Standard Error	190.01155								
Observations	11								
Multiple R	0.9983945								
Table 4									



Of primary significance in this set of statistics is "R Square". This figure reflects the correlation between the dependent and independent variables, with the results range from 0 to 1. The nearer the R Square is to 1 the more closely the variables and the better predictive power of the data set to accurately predict future occurrences. In this instance the correlation is 99%. Additionally, it should be noted that the data indicates that the probability of obtaining differences as large as those observed within the data group is statistically significant.

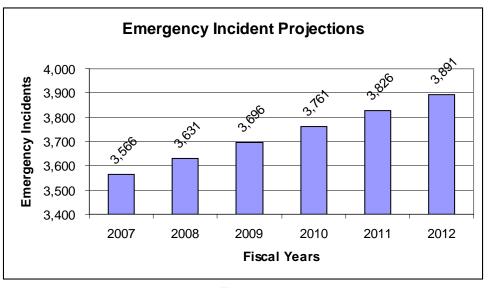


Figure 3

Therefore using the regression model from the FY'94 through FY'05 response data, we can reasonable predict a steady growth approaching 4,000 emergencies in 2012 (Figure 3).

Response Reliability

The increase in emergency response will have a direct impact on the availability of emergency responders to provide services to the citizens of Franklin. Table 2, indicates the department's present response reliability is at nearly 60% (59.48%) and is related to the number of staff-hours committed to emergency response. Having identified the trend of increasing service demands, it becomes important to predict the affect rising incident rates have on response reliability. It is intuitive that as emergency rates (outputs) increase in frequency the reliability of the response system will decline. For the remainder of this report it is assumed that staff-hours spent in emergency services and the distribution of responses will remain relatively static. This seems to be a reasonable assumption in the absence of a substantial change in building construction or



occupancy type. This assumption, combined with the increases projected on the department's emergency response rate will have a gradual negative effect on the department's ability to maintain a reasonable level of response reliability for the citizens of Franklin. Figure #4 reflects the incremental decrease in response reliability over the next several years.

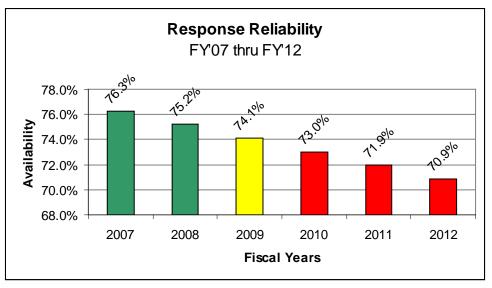


Figure 4

National standards indicate that emergency response systems should insure emergency resources available for response between 70 and 80 percent of time. Response reliability numbers between 60% and 70% are indicative of emergency systems in a state of crisis and unable to provide reliable emergency services. (Note: With the influx of personnel provided to the department in Fiscal Year 2006, the department's response reliability is projected to reach 80%.) With the anticipated increase in the projected incident rate, response reliability is projected to gradually decrease over the period until it reaches the crisis point in Fiscal Year 2012. Consequently, for planning purposes, we believe a response reliability figure of 75% should be used as a trigger point for adding resources (inputs) to the system. Accordingly (see Figure 4) this trigger is projected to be surpassed in Fiscal Year 2009, at which time additional resources should be the added to the system (personnel & vehicle). The impact of these additional resources would then increase the available resources which, in turn would yield improved response reliability. Factoring this additional staffing will increase response reliability to slightly over 78% (Figure 5).

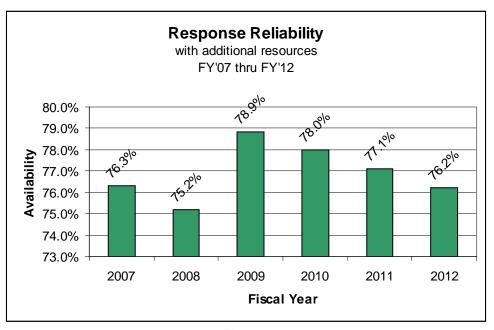


Figure 5

With the addition of previous and anticipated growth in the number of on-duty companies (response units) the department also needs to address the existing command or managerial staff to capably meet both emergency and non-emergency supervisory needs. In assessing the number or size of the supervisory staff needed we need to evaluate the managerial notion of Span of Control. Quite simply, Span of Control is the management concept that one person can only effectively control a limited number of subordinates. As a hierarchal organization grows, more intermediary layers must be created to keep this span of control within reasonable bounds. Nationally recognized management standards indicate a managerial span of control for emergency operation should be between 3 to 7 subordinates. While the optimal number of *individual subordinate* workers is recognized as 5 (five workers for each supervisor - for a ratio of workers to supervisors of 5:1) fire service and military models reveal that one supervisor, in emergency or adverse conditions should oversee no more than three operational *groups* for a ratio of 3:1 (3 working groups for each supervisor).

Presently, the department operates with one shift supervisor (rank of Captain) operating from Headquarters (West Central Street). This position is responsible for the proper operation and overall supervision of all on-duty resources at both fire stations. Additionally, there is a station supervisor or working foreman (rank of Lieutenant) who is responsible for the staff and equipment on-duty at Station #2 (King Street).

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At our current authorized levels of staffing, when at minimum staffing levels, the shift supervisor is responsible for the Lieutenant at Station #2 as well as four subordinates at Headquarters for a total of five *individual subordinates* (5:1 ratio). The number of *individual subordinates* supervised can grow to 7 (7:1 ratio) when at maximum staffing (no absences). Further, when at minimum staffing, the shift supervisor is responsible for the Lieutenant operating at Station #2 (two operating groups) and the two operating groups from Headquarters for a total of three operating units (3:1 ratio). With the projected addition of one operating unit as outlined herein will increase shift staffing from 12 personnel to 16 personnel; with the number of *operating groups* increasing from 4 to 5 at minimum staffing and from 5 to 6 at maximum staffing.

Given our current and projected ratios of personnel and operating unit to supervisor we believe it is necessary to insert an additional layer of supervision to provide safe and adequate supervision for department operations. To accomplish this, we propose an incremental approach. In the short term (Fiscal Year 2008) we proposed to place a Lieutenant at Headquarters, with the long term goal of re titling the position of Shift Supervisor from Captain to Battalion Chief. In practical terms the need for supervisory enhancement will allow us to have a working foreman at each station as well as providing a shift supervisor (Captain then eventually Battalion Chief) to supervise all shift activities and several administrative activities. This will allow the department to reduce our operating unit ratio of from the present 4 or 3:1 to 3 or 2:1 as well as reducing the subordinate to supervisor ratio to a more acceptable 4 or 3:1.

In the short term we plan to maintain the shift supervisor at the rank of Shift Captain. However with the anticipated need of one additional operating unit towards the end of this planning cycle, the title of Shift Captain is proposed to be enhanced to that of Battalion Chief. This enhancement is necessary due to the growth in the number of Lieutenants (foremen) to be supervised. Additionally, we propose to retain the rank of Captain in the form of Station Captain (one for each station) to establish administrative accountability for station operations (e.g. fleet and facility maintenance) for better overall accountability and enhance the scalar chain of command.

In practical terms this supervisory enhancement will place a working foreman at each station – consolidate administrative overview at each station and free our Shift Supervisors from the constraints of riding on an assigned fire apparatus and place them into a staff car. Although this latter point may appear minor – it is not. The change will provide for better overall supervision and coordination of both emergency and non emergency operations. Freeing the Shift Supervisor from a fire engine will enable them to response in advance of other vehicles to better assess emergencies and coordinate initial deployment of resources. This need is magnified in the presence of increased multiple simultaneous emergencies. Using this model, the department will begin requesting funding to affect this enhancement in Fiscal Year 2008.

In addition to the need of additional personnel to provide direct services to the citizens of Franklin, the department must also consider various staff positions necessary to properly and safely support front-line personnel. Typically these positions include various support positions such as Training and Safety and non-emergent services such as Public Education, Code Compliance and Inspectional Services.

In the case of Code Compliance and Inspectional Services, the department has reduced its capacity to perform these services due to fiscal constraints over the past several fiscal years. In recent years, the reduction of these positions has meant reduced inspectional services and increases in timeliness of plans reviews and code interpretations. Consequently, these positions should be replaced as soon as possible and

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have been requested in operating budget requests in Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007. This position continues to be a priority item in terms of preventative measures intended to enhance the safety of citizens and fire fighting personnel. Further, additional workloads presently being placed upon the department by recent legislation (e.g. night club sprinkler law, Carbon Monoxide detection, etc) are further taxing existing staff capacity resulting in reduced level of services to the community.

Public Education services are currently provided by on a stipend or part-time basis by existing department employees. Unlike emergency services, the need for public education increases directly with the increase of the Town's population. Further demands are made of public educators as the vulnerable populations (school aged children and senior citizens) continue to swell. Therefore, the Town must plan to add a Public Educator to provide information and direct education regarding CPR, first aid and fire safety and survival skills. The focus to this position will be to act as a Resource Officer to the Public School System as well as providing revenue generating potential in educating private industry in fire and safety curricula.

Training and safety are also provided on a stipend or part-time basis. Presently the department is required to manage over 3,800 hours of mandated training for existing employees. Further, the growing emphasis on Homeland Protection, requirements for employee safety and protection are anticipated to grow rapidly in the next several years. Consequently, the department must plan on adding a staff member dedicated to supervising safety and training prior to expanding its employee base as projected in FY'09

Lastly department growth will require additional administrative staff to properly support the business and organizational needs of the department. The department lost a half-time administrative assistant during the first round of budget reductions in FY'01. This position has also been requested for replacement in Fiscal Years 2006 and 2007 operating budget. Further, as the non-emergency staff ranks increase there will be additional demands for administrative and secretarial support. As a result, the plan should anticipate one additional administrative assistant to support Fire Prevention, Safety and Training activities.

Response Effectiveness



A review of the Town present zoning map and the department's current service demand zone mapping reveals the department response effectiveness present rests at 72% - meaning from our present fire station locations, emergency resources can respond to 72% of the Town in an on-time fashion. At time of this report, the Town is presently replacing the current Headquarters facility and considering altering the traffic pattern at our West Central Street facility to accommodate two-way traffic flow. This is a positive change and intuitively, should have a positive influence in our ability to reach additional aspects of the community

	On-time effectiveness by Service Demand Zone														
	High SDZ Medium SDZ					Low SDZ				System Wide					
Total	Served On Time	NOT	% Served	Total	Served On Time	Not Served	% Served	Total	Served On Time	NOT	% Served	Total	Served On Time	NOT	% Served
21	15	6	71.4%	9	5	4	55.6%	141	104	37	73.8%	171	124	47	72.5%
			Fou	IR MIN	UTE T	RAVEL	TIME	BY S E	RVICE	D EM.	AND Z	ONE			
	High	SDZ			Mediu	m SDZ		Low SDZ S				Systen	stem Wide		
Total	Served On Time	Not Served	% Served	Total	Served On Time	INOT	% Served	Total	Served On Time	NOT	% Served	Total	Served On Time	Not	% Served
21	15	6	71.4%	9	5	4	55.6%	141	57	84	40.4%	171	77	94	45.0%

Table 5

Over the years, the Town has completed various studies intended to evaluate the effectiveness of the department's capacity to respond and provide effective levels of service. These studies point to a three station deployment system with stations located at the present sites as well as a site somewhere in the northern part of the community. In terms of how a future north fire station would ultimately impact the department's overall response (or on-time) effectiveness is extremely difficult to speculate since it would be related to the specific parcel(s) of land under consideration. Further no national standards presently exist for the benchmark of overall response effectiveness for emergency services. In light of this absence of national consensus standard, we believe the decision to add to the number of fire station facilities should be tied to the on-time response of emergency units as evaluated on an annual basis. This anecdotal analysis can serve as a measure to indicate when the department begins to experience calls for emergency services in those areas which do not presently enjoy close proximity to existing fire stations. When calls for service in these underserved areas escalate, they will have a negative impact on our current on-time response benchmark (arrival within 8 minutes, to 90% of emergency responses). At this point serious consideration must be given to establishing additional station facilities. From an analytical perspective, the projection of this data to anticipate a potential time trigger is presently difficult and is an action item to be calculated for future master planning documents.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, without a wide ranging change in the Town's land use (zoning) the department should continue to enjoy the response effectiveness as outlined herein. As described with Table 6 however, most of the communities' risks lie in low-density residential property. Large rezoning efforts which changes zoning to non-residential uses may have a negative impact on response effectiveness and should be evaluated during the decision making process for rezoning.



BUDGET IMPLICATIONS AND IMPLEMENTATION

Resource Costs

The basic work unit for the Franklin Fire Department is known as a company. Company's can consist of either - one supervisor, two firefighters and one fire engine (fire company), or two firefighter paramedics and a rescue (medical company), with either requiring appropriate space for living accommodations and vehicle garaging. For the remainder of this report, it will be assumed that all company additions will be in the form of a fire company. This assumption is made because fire companies are more resources intensive and therefore produce the most conservative cost scenario.

Because of the department's rotating work schedule, the department must maintain a minimum of 4 employees for each authorized position. In order to compensate for vacation, sick and other forms of leave, in a cost effective manner the department should maintain 5 employees per authorized position. Although the 5 employees per position is a policy decision which has not been adopted we will utilize this concept for planning purposes. Therefore, based upon this personnel demand, personnel costs for each company is as outlined below.

Item	Quantity	Unit Costs*	Total
Lieutenant -1	5	7,949	\$39,745
Firefighter – Paramedic	15	44,615	\$669,223
Fringe Benefits	15	32% of base	226,870
Uniforms	15	1,400	21,000
Protective Clothing	15	2,000	30,000
Total Personnel Costs			\$986,837

^{*} Note all costs in terms of FY'07 dollar amounts.

This newly constituted operating group will also require fleet assets (vehicles) to complete their mission. In terms of fire apparatus, a standard fire engine costs \$ 435,000 in FY'07 dollars. This need will be in addition to the present fleet needs of the department. This new response unit may also have the potential to cross staff an ambulance. The fleet costs associated with this is relatively modest since it would require the addition of one ambulance. This could initially be accomplished by expanding the ambulance fleet size from three to four vehicles and executed by keeping a vehicle that would otherwise be traded-in during a regular replacement cycle.

^{1 –} Based upon differential between top step firefighter and Lieutenant Table 6



As previously discussed, current and forecasted levels of emergency response units will facilitate a need for enhanced levels of supervision. In the short term (FY' 08) this will require hiring an additional four firefighter – paramedic positions then in turn promote four firefighter – paramedics to the position of Lieutenant. The hiring of additional personnel at this point is essential since without this addition promotions would detract from the number of firefighter paramedics available for service. Thus the annualized costs to effect the first phase of supervisory enhancements if \$ 239,383 (see Table 7).

Item	Quantity	Unit Cost *	Total
Lieutenant -1	4	7,949	\$31,796
Firefighter – Paramedic	4	42,762	\$171,048
Fringe Benefits	4	32% of base	54,735
Uniforms	4	1,400	5,600
Protective Clothing	4	2,000	8,000
			\$271,179

^{*} Note all costs in terms of FY'07 dollar amounts.

In terms of estimating costs for other changes anticipated for supervisory enhancement are, according to the department's collective bargaining agreement, based upon the top step firefighter-paramedic. The position of Lieutenant is compensated 15% more than a top step firefighter-paramedic – Captains are compensated 25% more than a top step firefighter-paramedic. Since we have no present salary structure we assume that the position of Battalion Chief would follow the existing salary structure and be 35% more than a top step firefighter – paramedic. In FY'07 dollars, this supervisory enhancement would be \$ 19,000. Further supervisory enhancements of incorporating the position of Station Captain will have a budgetary impact of \$ 9,300. Both supervisory enhancements should be timed coincidental (2009) to the hiring of the additional resources (company) to insure safe and adequate level of supervision.

Staff positions outlined herein should be ranked officer positions to insure proper assessment of authority, responsibility, accountability with compensation. The department presently employs the rank of Captain as its fire prevention officer. Therefore the positions of Fire Prevention Inspector and Public Educator are recommended to be at the Lieutenant level. A Captain's position is recommended for the position of Training and Safety Officer. It is important to mention that the promotion of these positions from within the department will require new personnel to replace them at the entry level. Otherwise promotions into staff positions would erode staffing available for emergency services. These costs are outlined below.

^{1 –} Based upon differential between top step firefighter and Lieutenant Table 7



Position	Salary Costs	Fringe Benefits	Annual Costs
Fire Inspector (Lieutenant)	\$60,938	\$19,500	\$80,438
Public Educator (Lieutenant)	\$60,938	\$19,500	\$80,438
Training and Safety Officer (Captain)	\$66,237	\$21,196	\$87,433
Administrative Assistant	\$26,809	\$8,579	\$35,387

Table 8

<u>Timeline for Implementation</u>

As indicated herein as well as identified in budget submission in previous fiscal years, the department has an acute need to replace fire prevention and administrative positions lost to previous budget reductions. Additionally the department and Town have grown to a sufficient size to warrant additional non-emergency positions to insure the quality of service and safety for employees and citizen alike. Consequently, this plan recommends that the Town considers replacing the Fire Inspector and Administrative Assistant positions as well as creating the positions of Public Educator and Training and Safety Officer at the beginning years of the plan (Fiscal Years 2009 and 2010).

The major emphasis of the resources needed in this planning cycle to provide additional response units before the department's response reliability declines to unacceptable levels. As indicated previously, response reliability is expected to reach approximately 70% (Figure 4) in Fiscal Year 2012. However, experience has shown that there are significant time challenges in trying to hire relatively large amounts of personnel. Among these challenges include the availability of a sufficient candidate pool in the Civil Service System, obtaining sufficient class space for recruit training at the Massachusetts Fire Academy, as well as the relative large financial impact created in any given fiscal year.

In light of these challenges, the plan anticipates a gradual ramp-up of personnel and fleet resources, beginning in Fiscal Year 2008 to be completed by the end of Fiscal Year 2012, hiring four new personnel in FY'08 and then 5 new personnel in Fiscal Years 2009, 2010 and 2012. The processes include promoting additional supervisory staff and making recommended supervisory enhancements at the end of the planning period (FY'13). Below (Table 9) is outlined the recommended sequence for the major action items for implementation during this planning cycle. New expenditure required to support the enhancements called for herein are outlined in Table 10.



Fiscal Year	Action Recommended
	Replace Fire Inspector
2008	Replace Administrative Assistant
2000	 Hire 4 – new Firefighter – Paramedics
	Promote 4 Lieutenants
	Hire new Training & Safety Officer
2009	Hire new Public Educator
	 Hire 5 new Firefighter – Paramedic positions
2010	Hire 5 new Firefighter – Paramedic positions
2010	Purchase new Fire Engine
2011	Promote 4 new Lieutenant positions
2011	Expand Ambulance fleet
2012	Hire 5 new Firefighter – Paramedic positions
2013	Re title Shift Supervisors from Captain to Battalion Chief
2013	Re title 2 Lieutenant positions to Station Captain

Table 9

Item	Fiscal Year 2008	Fiscal Year 2009	Fiscal Year 2010	Fiscal Year 2011	Fiscal Year 2012	Fiscal Year 2013	
Code Compliance Lieutenant	\$ 80,438	\$ 80,438	\$ 80,438	\$ 80,438	\$ 80,438	\$ 80,438	
Administrative Assistant	35,387	35,387	35,387	35,387	35,387	35,387	
Training & Safety Officer		87,433	87,433	87,433	87,433	87,433	
Public Educator		80,438	80,438	80,438	80,438	80,438	
Firefighter - Paramedics	239,383	533,841	828,300	828,300	1,122,758	1,122,758	
Lieutenants	31,796	31,796	31,796	71,540	71,540	71,540	
Battalion Chief - Station Captain						31,791	
Impact to Operations Budget	\$ 387,005	\$ 849,335	\$ 1,143,793	\$ 1,183,537	\$ 1,477,995	\$ 1,509,787	
Fire Engine			435,000				
Expansion of Ambulance Fleet				50,000			

Table 10





CONCLUSION

Based upon the department's historical data and future projections, the department can reasonably anticipate the need to acquire one additional company within this planning cycle. This additional level of support is required to insure the citizens of Franklin continue to enjoy a high level of emergency medical and fire services. These additions will require the hire a total of 15 employees by the end of the planning period in Fiscal Year 2013. With the growth in our work force will also drive the need to enhance present levels of supervision to insure safe levels in span of control required for day-to-day supervision. This will require and additional 4 new positions. Additionally, various staff and support position will be required over the planning cycle to provide adequate non-emergent services to the citizens of Franklin as well as insure proper support of emergency service personnel to meet their mission. It is recommended that positions lost through previous budget reductions be restored along with two other positions intended to meet the increasing needs for safety for citizens and uniformed personnel. Due to the relatively large number of employees, it is recommended that the Town build up to this level incrementally over a 5-fiscal year period beginning in Fiscal Year 2008.

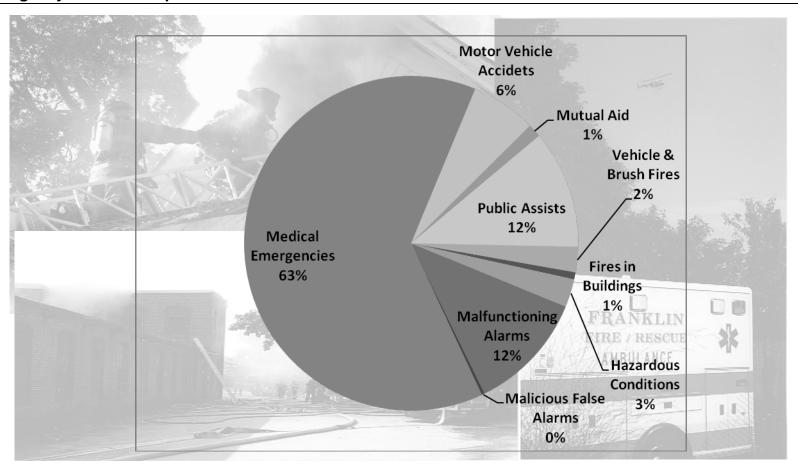
The department's present capital improvement plan will require additions to accommodate increases in personnel. One additional fire engine and/or ambulance will be required to provide newly hired staff with sufficient equipment to provide services to the community. Growth presently projected in the northern part of the community will increase emergency response to that region – one where the department's on-time emergency response is marginal. As a result, increased responses to the north may ultimately erode the department's capacity to maintain acceptable on-time response and trigger the need to construct and additional fire sub station facility. Personnel presently anticipated within this plan may be sufficient to staff such a facility.



Appendix B Response Data



Emergency Incident Response

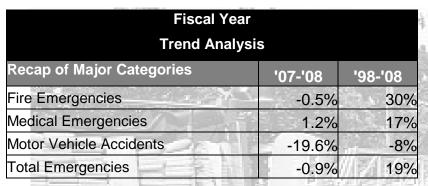


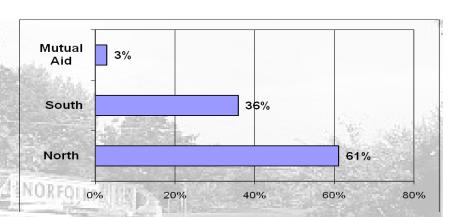


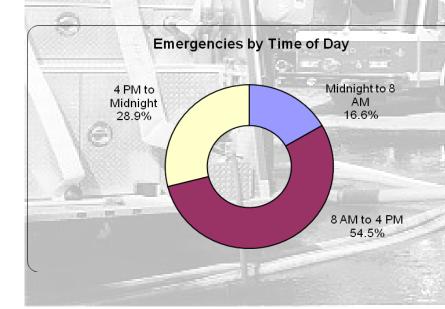
Type of Emergency	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Fires in Buildings	25	27	32	26	20	27	18	31	35	26	24
Hazardous Conditions	141	124	128	143	143	97	110	72	90	83	93
Malfunctioning Alarms	166	152	193	202	197	176	237	210	253	177	398
Malicious False Alarms	42	15	19	14	14	7	10	10	10	17	10
Medical Emergencies	1853	1889	1862	1940	1828	1792	1,856	2,052	2,231	2,146	2,172
Motor Vehicle Accidets	235	270	193	290	335	344	295	261	270	270	217
Mutual Aid		4	17	11	6	27	25	42	42	38	44
Public Assists	295	498	680	842	682	743	594	574	668	652	394
Vehicle & Brush Fires	136	140	114	96	110	98	74	60	87	59	84

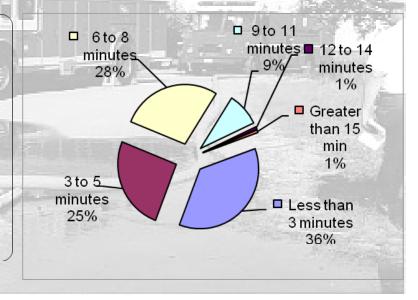
Calendar Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Recap of Major Categories											
Fire Emergencies	805	960	1183	1334	1172	1175	1068	999	1,185	1,052	1,047
Medical Emergencies	1853	1889	1862	1940	1828	1792	1856	2052	2231	2146	2172
Motor Vehicle Accidents	235	270	193	290	335	344	295	261	270	270	217
Total Emergencies	2893	3119	3238	3564	3335	3311	3219	3312	3686	3468	3436





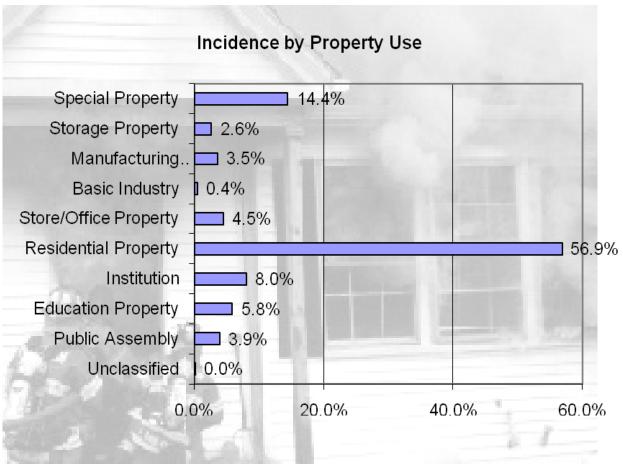








Fire Emergencies





Inspectional Services

