JUNE 30, 2017 ACTUARIAL VALUATION OF THE POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS PLAN OF THE TOWN OF FRANKLIN

September 2017



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SECTION I - OVERVIEW

The Town of Franklin has engaged Sherman Actuarial Services, LLC (SAS) to prepare an actuarial

valuation of their post-retirement benefits program as of June 30, 2017. This valuation was performed

using employee census data, enrollment data, claims, premiums, participant contributions and plan

provision information provided by personnel of the Town of Franklin. SAS did not audit these data,

although they were reviewed for reasonability. The results of the valuation are dependent on the

accuracy of the data.

The purposes of the valuation are to analyze the current funded position of the Town's post-

retirement benefits program, determine the level of contributions necessary to assure sound funding

and provide reporting and disclosure information for financial statements, governmental agencies and

other interested parties. This valuation report contains information required by the Governmental

Accounting Standards Board's Statements Nos. 43 and 45, respectively entitled "Financial

Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans" and "Accounting and

Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions."

According to GASB principles, if the benefits are not prefunded, the rate earned by the General Asset

Account must be used to select the discount rate used to measure the plan. To measure on that basis

we have used a discount rate of 4.0%. The Town is currently partially prefunding the obligation with

additional contributions of \$400,000. Based on this policy, we have determined that a discount rate of

4.5% is appropriate for financial reporting purposes. If the Town were to commence fully prefunding

the Annual Required Contribution instead of paying benefits when due plus \$400,000, the

measurement would likely be based on a 7.5% discount rate.

Section II provides a summary of the principal valuation results. Section VII provides a projection of

funding amounts.

While the actuary believes that the assumptions are reasonable for financial reporting purposes, it

should be understood that there is a range of assumptions that could be deemed reasonable that would

yield different results. Moreover, while the actuary considers the assumption set to be reasonable

based on prior plan experience, it should be understood that future plan experience may differ

considerably from what has been assumed.

Town of Franklin

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The report was prepared under the supervision of Daniel Sherman, an Associate of the Society of

Actuaries and a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries, who takes responsibility for the

overall appropriateness of the analysis, assumptions and results. Daniel Sherman is deemed to meet

the General Qualification Standard and the basic education and experience requirement in the pension

area. Based on over twenty years of performing FAS 106 valuations of similar complexity, Mr.

Sherman is qualified by experience in retiree medical valuation. Daniel Sherman has met the

Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion

contained herein.

The costs and actuarial exhibits presented in this report have been prepared in accordance with

Generally Accepted Accounting Practices and the requirements of GASB 45. I am available to

answer questions about this report.

Respectfully Submitted,

SHERMAN ACTUARIAL SERVICES, LLC

Daniel W. Therman

9/15/2017

Date

Daniel Sherman, ASA, MAAA

Town of Franklin Post-Retirement Benefits Program June 30, 2017

SECTION II - REQUIRED INFORMATION

a)	Funding Policy	Fu	all Pre-funding	Pa	artial Pre-funding	g	
b)	Discount Rate		7.5%		4.5%		
c)	Actuarial valuation date	Jı	ane 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2017		Difference
	Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	3,325,974	\$	3,325,974	\$	0
d)	Actuarial Accrued Liability Active participants	\$	44,575,862	\$	84,669,872	\$	40,094,010
,	Retired participants		28,977,172		39,942,405		10,965,233
e)	Total AAL	\$	73,553,034	\$	124,612,277	\$	51,059,243
f)	Unfunded Actuarial Liability "UAL" [e - d]	\$	70,227,060	\$	121,286,303	\$	51,059,243
g)	Funded ratio [d / e]		4.5%		2.7%		-1.9%
h)	Annual covered payroll		61,457,227		61,457,227		
i)	UAL as percental of covered payroll		114.3%		197.4%		
j)	Normal Cost for fiscal year end 2017	\$	2,446,631	\$	5,608,472	\$	3,161,841
k)	Amortization of UAL for fiscal year 2017 *	\$	3,631,982	\$	4,330,312	\$	698,330
1)	Interest to end of fiscal year	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
m)	Annual Required Contribution "ARC" for fiscal year 2017 [$j + k + 1$]	\$	6,078,613	\$	9,938,784	\$	3,860,171
n)	Benefit payments for fiscal 2018	\$	2,387,829	\$	2,387,829	\$	0
o)	Additional Funds for Prefunding [m - n]	\$	3,690,784				

^{* 30-}year amortization, increasing 4.0% per year

SECTION III - MEDICAL PREMIUMS

Monthly Premiums effective July 1, 2017

Health benefits are available to employees and retirees through a number of plans. The following are gross monthly rates per subscriber for plans in which current Town employees and/or retirees are enrolled:

Tufts HMO Choice Copay Plan (individual)	\$705.76
Tufts HMO Choice Copay Plan(family)	\$1,803.56
Tufts Carelink PPO(individual)	\$874.85
Tufts Carelink PPO(family)	\$2,436.68
Tufts Medicare Preferred (individual)	\$315.00

Post 1990 retirees contribute towards their coverage in the amount of 32% of stated premiums, with the Tufts PPO plan and surviving spouses, which is paid at 50% by the Town. Pre-1990 retirees contribute 16% and 32%.

SECTION IV – BREAKOUTS

Number of Participants included in valuation

	School	Town	Water	<u>Total</u>
Actives	828	241	11	1,080
Retired & Spouses (medical &/or life)	446	182	8	628
Total	1,274	423	19	1,708
Accrued Liability @ 7.50%				
Active	33,431,760	10,769,350	374,752	44,575,862
Retired	21,913,596	6,770,509	293,067	28,977,172
Total	55,345,356	17,539,859	667,819	73,553,034
Assets	2,548,527	749,492	27,954	3,325,974
Unfunded Liability	52,796,829	16,790,367	639,865	70,227,060
Annual Required Contribution				
Normal Cost with interest	2,131,615	301,527	13,489	2,446,631
Amortization of UAL with interest	2,730,530	868,359	33,092	3,631,981
Total	4,862,145	1,169,886	46,581	6,078,612
Accrued Liability @ 4.5%				
Active	65,169,933	18,856,489	643,450	84,669,872
Retired	30,314,240	9,224,262	403,903	39,942,405
Total	95,484,173	28,080,751	1,047,353	124,612,277
Assets	2,548,527	749,492	27,954	3,325,974
Unfunded Liability	92,935,646	27,331,259	1,019,399	121,286,303
Annual Required Contribution				
Normal Cost with interest	4,941,450	636,979	30,043	5,608,472
Amortization of UAL with interest	3,318,102	975,814	36,396	4,330,312
Total	8,259,552	1,612,793	66,439	9,938,784

SECTION V - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Funding Progress on a Pay-as-You-Go Basis - 4.5%

	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a) / (b)	(c)	[(b)-(a)]/(c)
		Actuarial				UAL as
Actuarial	Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded			Percentage
Valuation	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	Covered	of Covered
<u>Date</u>	<u>Assets</u>	(AAL)	(UAL)	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Payroll</u>	<u>Payroll</u>
June 30, 2007	0	116,638,532	116,638,532	0.00%	n/a	n/a
June 30, 2009	0	79,942,606	79,942,606	0.00%	53,737,744	148.8%
June 30, 2011	0	84,749,415	84,749,415	0.00%	52,999,681	159.9%
June 30, 2013	0	89,053,917	89,053,917	0.00%	53,065,851	167.8%
June 30, 2015	1,455,552	93,975,598	92,520,046	1.55%	57,381,408	161.2%
June 30, 2017	3,325,974	124,612,277	121,286,303	2.67%	61,457,227	197.4%

SECTION VI - NET OPEB OBLIGATION

GASB Statement No. 45 requires the development of Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (NOO). This development is shown in the following table.

Development of OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation (NOO)

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
Year	Annual			Annual		Change in	
Ending	Required	Interest on	Amortization	OPEB Cost		NOO	NOO
<u>June 30</u>	Contribution	NOO_	of NOO	(a)+(b)-(c)	Contribution*	<u>(d)-(e)</u>	<u>Balance</u>
2014	7,576,299	1,302,344	1,085,287	7,793,356	2,366,076	5,427,280	37,735,879
2015	7,537,942	1,698,115	1,347,292	7,888,765	2,645,822	5,242,942	42,978,821
2016	7,947,440	1,934,047	1,534,482	8,347,005	2,606,531	5,740,474	48,719,296
2017	9,938,784	2,192,368	1,739,436	10,391,716	3,129,055	7,262,660	55,981,956

^{*} Includes \$622,000, \$400,000 and \$400,000 extra contributions for FYE15, FYE16 and FYE17, respectively.

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SECTION VII - SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

The Government Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 45 "Accounting and Financial

Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" outlines various

requirements of a funding schedule that will amortize the unfunded actuarial liability and cover

normal costs. Amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability is to be based on a schedule that

extends no longer than 30 years. The contribution towards the amortization of the unfunded

actuarial liability may be made in level payments or in payments increasing at the same rate as

salary increases. There is no requirement to actually fund the Annual Required Contribution,

however.

In the amortization schedules shown on the following pages, the amortization of the unfunded

accrued liability is increasing at 4.0% for 30 years. The normal cost is expected to increase at the

same rate as the assumed ultimate health care trend rate. The contributions were computed

assuming that the contribution is paid at the end of the fiscal year. Projected benefit

payments/employer contributions reflect only the benefit for those individuals now employed or

retired, not any future entrants.

Paragraph 12 of GASB 45 stipulates that valuations must be performed at least biennially. The

following projections are intended only to illustrate long-term implications of Prefunding versus

Pay-as-You-Go.

Town of Franklin
Post-Retirement Benefits Program

June 30, 2017

SECTION VI - SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Partial Prefunding - 4.5%

Fiscal Year		Amortization		Estimated
Ending In	Normal Cost	of UAL	ARC*	Premium Cost
2017	5,608,472	4,330,312	9,938,784	4,775,658
2018	5,860,853	4,530,353	10,391,206	5,458,110
2019	6,124,591	4,733,352	10,857,943	5,893,340
2020	6,400,198	4,933,735	11,333,933	6,497,063
2021	6,688,207	5,128,977	11,817,184	7,179,359
2022	6,989,176	5,321,744	12,310,920	7,795,584
2023	7,303,689	5,508,806	12,812,495	8,511,099
2024	7,632,355	5,685,440	13,317,795	9,363,410
2025	7,975,811	5,856,293	13,832,104	10,090,687
2026	8,334,722	6,012,180	14,346,902	11,078,287
2027	8,709,784	6,150,571	14,860,355	12,133,283
2028	9,101,724	6,272,434	15,374,158	13,157,399
2029	9,511,302	6,371,370	15,882,672	14,354,554
2030	9,939,311	6,453,858	16,393,169	15,364,715
2031	10,386,580	6,517,963	16,904,543	16,427,294
2032	10,853,976	6,570,317	17,424,293	17,306,121
2033	11,342,405	6,615,348	17,957,753	18,070,600
2034	11,852,813	6,647,328	18,500,141	19,005,482
2035	12,386,190	6,675,174	19,061,364	19,703,425
2036	12,943,569	6,697,063	19,640,632	20,470,739
2037	13,526,030	6,708,824	20,234,854	21,370,667
2038	14,134,701	6,705,226	20,839,927	22,428,190
2039	14,770,763	6,703,152	21,473,915	23,032,214
2040	15,435,447	6,704,896	22,140,343	23,604,544
2041	16,130,042	6,705,284	22,835,326	24,353,883
2042	16,855,894	6,712,502	23,568,396	24,909,209
2043	17,614,409	6,731,584	24,345,993	25,368,462
2044	18,407,057	6,743,288	25,150,345	26,404,441
2045	19,235,375	6,750,941	25,986,316	27,376,580
2046	20,100,967	6,758,930	26,859,897	28,261,676
2047	21,005,511	6,755,214	27,760,725	29,516,924

^{*} Assumes payment is made at the end of the fiscal year.

SECTION VI - SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Full Prefunding Basis – 7.5%

Fiscal Year		Amortization		Estimated
Ending In	Normal Cost	of UAL	ARC*	Premium Cost
2017	2,446,631	3,631,981	6,078,612	4,775,658
2018	2,556,729	3,795,420	6,352,149	5,458,110
2019	2,671,782	3,966,214	6,637,996	5,893,340
2020	2,792,012	4,144,694	6,936,706	6,497,063
2021	2,917,653	4,331,205	7,248,858	7,179,359
2022	3,048,947	4,526,109	7,575,056	7,795,584
2023	3,186,150	4,729,784	7,915,934	8,511,099
2024	3,329,527	4,942,624	8,272,151	9,363,410
2025	3,479,356	5,165,042	8,644,398	10,090,687
2026	3,635,927	5,397,469	9,033,396	11,078,287
2027	3,799,544	5,640,355	9,439,899	12,133,283
2028	3,970,523	5,894,171	9,864,694	13,157,399
2029	4,149,197	6,159,409	10,308,606	14,354,554
2030	4,335,911	6,436,583	10,772,494	15,364,715
2031	4,531,027	6,726,229	11,257,256	16,427,294
2032	4,734,923	7,028,909	11,763,832	17,306,121
2033	4,947,995	7,345,210	12,293,205	18,070,600
2034	5,170,655	7,675,744	12,846,399	19,005,482
2035	5,403,334	8,021,153	13,424,487	19,703,425
2036	5,646,484	8,382,105	14,028,589	20,470,739
2037	5,900,576	8,759,300	14,659,876	21,370,667
2038	6,166,102	9,153,468	15,319,570	22,428,190
2039	6,443,577	9,565,374	16,008,951	23,032,214
2040	6,733,538	9,995,816	16,729,354	23,604,544
2041	7,036,547	10,445,628	17,482,175	24,353,883
2042	7,353,192	10,915,681	18,268,873	24,909,209
2043	7,684,086	11,406,886	19,090,972	25,368,462
2044	8,029,870	11,920,196	19,950,066	26,404,441
2045	8,391,214	12,456,605	20,847,819	27,376,580
2046	8,768,819	13,017,152	21,785,971	28,261,676
2047	9,163,416	-	9,163,416	29,516,924

^{*} Assumes payment is made at the end of the fiscal year.

TOWN OF FRANKLIN, ALL GROUPS

Interest: Partial Prefunding: 4.50% per year, net of investment expenses

Full Prefunding: 7.50% per year, net of investment expenses

Actuarial Cost Method: Projected Unit Credit. Benefits are attributed ratably to service

from date of hire until full eligibility date. Full eligibility date is

assumed to be first eligibility for retiree medical benefits.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:

<u>Year</u>	Inflation Rate
2017	5.5%
2018	5.0%
2019 & after	4.5%

Amortization Period: 30-year level percent of pay assuming 4.0% aggregate annual

payroll growth, open basis for Partial Prefunding. The amortization period is 30 years for all future valuations. Under Full Prefunding, a 30-year closed basis was used for the amortization. The amortization period is a specific number of years that is counted from one date, declining to zero with the passage of time.

Participation: 95% of future retiree teachers and are assumed to participate in the

retiree medical plan, 70% of future non-teacher retirees are expected to participate in the retiree medical plan and 75% of

future retirees are expected to elect life insurance.

TOWN OF FRANKLIN, ALL GROUPS

Marital Status: 80% of male employees and 60% of female employees are

assumed to have a covered spouse at retirement. Wives are

assumed to be three years younger than their husbands.

Pre-Age 65 Retirees: Current retirees who are under age 65 are assumed to remain in

their current medical plan until age 65.

Current active employees who are assumed to retire prior to age 65 are valued with a weighted-average premium. This weighted-average premium is based on the medical plan coverage of current

retirees under age 65.

Post-Age 65 Retirees: Current retirees over age 65 remain in their current medical plan

until death for purposes of measuring their contributions. It is assumed that future retirees are Medicare eligible. It is furthermore assumed that all current retirees under 65 will participate in the Medex plan in the same proportion as current retirees over 65. Per capita costs were developed from the Town developed monthly costs. Amounts to be received in the future for the Medicare Part D Retiree Drug Subsidy are not reflected

in the valuation.

Termination Benefit: 95% of current active teachers and 70% of current active non-

teachers over age 50 with at least 10 years of service are

expected to elect medical coverage starting at age 65.

Medical Plan Costs: The estimated gross per capita incurred claim costs for all

retirees and beneficiaries for 2017-18 at age 64 and 65 are \$11,292 and \$3,368, respectively. Medicare eligible retirees' per capita claims costs at age 65 is \$3,229. It is assumed that future retirees participate in the same manner as current retirees. Employee cost sharing is based on current rates. Future cost sharing is based on the weighted average of the current cost

sharing of retirees and beneficiaries.

TOWN OF FRANKLIN, NON-TEACHERS

SEPARATIONS FROM ACTIVE SERVICE: The below tables represent values of the assumed annual rates of withdrawal, disability, death and service retirement:

Group 1 and 2

		Service Retirement			
Age	Disabilit	Male	Female	Male Post	Female Post
	y			2012 Hire	2012 Hire
25	0.0001				
30	0.0002				
35	0.0003				
40	0.0007				
45	0.0010				
50	0.0013	0.0360	0.1019		
55	0.0016	0.0477	0.0469		
60	0.0018	0.1057	0.0774	0.0477	0.0469
62	0.0019	0.1473	0.1168	0.0632	0.0509
65	0.0016	0.2615	0.1939	0.1057	0.0774
69	0.0014	0.2500	0.2000	0.2136	0.1708

Years of Service	Rates of Withdrawal
0	0.2800
5	0.1020
10	0.0650
15	0.0417
20	0.0400
25	0.0400
30+	0.0000

Group 4

		Service Retirements				
Age	Disability	Pre 2012	Post 2012			
25	0.0005					
30	0.0010					
35	0.0020					
40	0.0025					
45	0.0040	.0443				
50	0.0076	.0382	0.0191			
55	0.0076	.1110	0.0370			
60	0.0065	.1871	0.0936			
62	0.0065	.2176	0.1741			
65	0.0000	1.0000	0.2500			

Years	Rates of	
of Service	Withdrawal	
0 - 1	0.150	
2 - 3	0.125	
4 - 5	0.100	
6 - 7	0.075	
8 - 9	0.050	
10 - 19	0.060	
20+	0.000	

Mortality: It is assumed that both pre-retirement mortality and beneficiary mortality is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2016, fully generational. Mortality for retired

members for Group 1 and 2 is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward five years for males and 3 years for females, fully generational. Mortality for retired members for Group 4 is represented by the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table set forward three years for males, and six years for females, fully generational. Mortality for disabled members for Group 1 and 2 is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward six years. Mortality for disabled members for Group 4 is represented by the RP-2000 Mortality Table set forward two years. Generational adjusting is based on Scale MP-2016.

TOWN OF FRANKLIN, TEACHERS

SEPARATIONS FROM ACTIVE SERVICE: Representative values of the assumed annual rates of withdrawal and vesting, disability, death and service retirement are as follows:

Age	Disability	
25	0.0002	
30	0.0002	
35	0.0006	
40	0.0010	
45	0.0015	
50	0.0019	
55	0.0024	
60	0.0028	
62	0.0030	
65	0.0030	
69		

Years of	f Rates of		
Service	Withdrawal		
0	0.150		
1	0.120		
2	0.100		
3	0.090		
4	0.080		
5	0.076		
10	0.054		
15	0.033		
20	0.020		
25	0.010		
30+	0.000		

	Male		Female	
	Service Retirement		Service Retirement	
Age	<20	20+	<20	20+
50	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.01
55	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.04
60	0.12	0.20	0.12	0.16
61	0.15	0.30	0.15	0.20
62	0.18	0.35	0.18	0.25
63	0.15	0.35	0.15	0.25
64	0.25	0.30	0.25	0.30
65	0.40	0.50	0.40	0.40
66	0.40	0.30	0.40	0.30
67	0.40	0.30	0.40	0.25
68	0.40	0.30	0.40	0.35
69	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.35
70	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

Teachers electing the increased benefit under Chapter 114 of the Acts of 2000 were assumed to have higher rates of retirement from ages 54 to 62 if their service was greater than 30 years. These rates are the same for males and females. The rate at age 54 is 0.035. The rate increases to 0.06 at age 55, 0.18 at age 56 and 0.30 at age 57. The rate for ages 58, 59 and 62 is 0.40. The rate for ages 60 and 61 is 0.35.

Mortality: It is assumed that both pre-retirement mortality and beneficiary mortality is represented by the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality with Scale MP-2016, fully generational.

SCHEDULE B - SUMMARY OF PROGRAM PROVISIONS

Retirement Medical Insurance: All retirees not in the Blue Care Elect PPO plan pay a 32% share

of their post-retirement medical costs. Retirees in the Medex

plan pay 32% and surviving spouses pay a 50% cost share.

Life Insurance: The Town of Franklin contributes \$2.15 per month for each

retiree receiving \$5,000 basic life insurance. Retirees that opt for

life insurance pay \$2.15 per month for coverage.

Spousal Coverage: Current and future retirees may elect to include their spouses as

part of their post-retirement benefits. There is lifetime spousal

coverage for medical insurance.

Administrative Costs: The Town pays administrative costs for each member of the plan

as part of the monthly premium.

Section 18 Coverage: The Town has elected to adopt Section 18 under Chapter 32B of

the General Laws of Massachusetts, which requires that an employee or retiree must participate in the Medicare program as the primary payer once one reaches age 65 and is Medicare

eligible.

Retirement Eligibility: Age 55 with 10 years of service, or 20 years of service. For a

Group 1 employee hired on or after April 2, 2012, attainment of

age 60 and completion of ten years of service

Ordinary Disability Eligibility: 10 years of service and under age 55.

Termination Eligibility: 10 years of service.

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SCHEDULE C - CONSIDERATIONS OF HEALTH CARE REFORM

Early Retiree Reinsurance Program ("ERRP") - Effective June 1, 2011: Due to the short-term

nature of the payments expected to be received under this program, we do not reflect this program

in long-term GASB 45 liabilities.

Removal of Lifetime Maximum: The elimination of the lifetime maximums would have no

impact on the retiree health plan obligations since, as far as we are aware, the plan has no lifetime

maximums.

Medicare Advantage Plans - Effective January 1, 2011: The law provides for reductions to the

amounts that would be provided to Medicare Advantage plans starting in 2011. Since the Town

does not offer these plans, the reductions would have no impact.

Expansion of Child Coverage to Age 26: Since few retirees cover children on retiree health

plans, this provision will likely have a relatively small effect on the gross benefit cost. We have

reflected an estimate of the amount of additional cost by assuming a higher healthcare trend rate.

Medicare Part D Subsidy - Shrinking Medicare Prescription Drug "Donut Hole" - Starting

January 1, 2011: RDS payments are not reflected as on ongoing offsetting item in GASB 45

valuations, and so no direct impact is reflected. RDS actuarial equivalence testing does not reflect

the new donut hole shrinking Part D benefits. Thus, the changes to Medicare Part D have no

impact on the calculations.

Excise Tax on High-Cost Employer Health Plans (aka Cadillac Tax) - Effective January 1,

2020: There is considerable uncertainty about how the tax would be applied, and considerable

latitude in grouping of participants for tax purposes. We have estimated the impact and included it

in the liabilities.

Other: We have not identified any other specific provision of health care reform that would be

expected to have a significant impact on the measured obligation. As additional guidance on the

legislation is issued, we will continue to monitor any potential impacts.

Town of Franklin

SCHEDULE D - GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Actuarial Accrued Liability

That portion, as determined by a particular Actuarial Cost Method, of the Actuarial Present Value of OPEB benefits and expenses which is not provided for by future Normal Costs and therefore is the value of benefits already earned.

Actuarial assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting OPEB costs, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; changes in compensation and Government provided OPEB benefits; rates of investment earnings and asset appreciation or depreciation; procedures used to determine the Actuarial Value of Assets; characteristics of future entrants for Open Group Actuarial Cost Methods; and other relevant items.

Actuarial cost method

A procedure for determining the Actuarial Present Value of OPEB benefits and expenses and for developing an actuarially equivalent allocation of such value to time periods, usually in the form of a Normal Cost and an Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial experience gain or loss

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two Actuarial Valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular Actuarial Cost Method.

Amortization (of unfunded actuarial accrued liability)

That portion of the OPEB plan contribution which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability or the Unfunded Frozen Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Annual OPEB cost

An accrual-basis measure of the periodic cost of an employer's participation in a defined benefit OPEB plan.

Annual required contributions of the employer (ARC)

The employer's periodic expense to a defined benefit OPEB plan, calculated in accordance with the parameters. It is the value of the cash contributions for a funded plan and the value of the expense entry in the profit and loss section of the financial statements.

Closed amortization period (closed basis)

A specific number of years that is counted from one date and, therefore, declines to zero with the passage of time. For example, if the amortization period initially is thirty years on a closed basis, twenty-nine years remain after the first year, twenty-eight years after the second year, and so forth. In contrast, an open amortization period (open basis) is one that begins again or is recalculated at each actuarial valuation date. Within a maximum number of years specified by law or policy (for example, thirty years), the period may increase, decrease, or remain stable.

Covered payroll

Annual compensation paid to active employees covered by an OPEB plan. If employees also are covered by a pension plan, the covered payroll should include all elements included in compensation on which contributions to the pension plan are based. For example, if pension contributions are calculated on base pay including overtime, covered payroll includes overtime compensation.

Defined benefit OPEB plan

An OPEB plan having terms that specify the benefits to be provided at or after separation from employment. The benefits may be specified in dollars (for example, a flat dollar payment or an amount based on one or more factors such as age, years of service, and compensation), or as a type or level of coverage (for example, prescription drugs or a percentage of healthcare insurance premiums).

Funded ratio

The actuarial value of assets expressed as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability.

Town of Franklin Post-Retirement Benefits Program June 30, 2017

SCHEDULE D - GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Funding policy

The program for the amounts and timing of contributions to be made by plan members, employer(s), and other contributing entities (for example, state government contributions to a local government plan) to provide the benefits specified by an OPEB plan.

Healthcare cost trend rate

The rate of change in per capita health claims costs over time as a result of factors such as medical inflation, utilization of healthcare services, plan design, and technological developments.

Investment return assumption (discount rate)

The rate used to adjust a series of future payments to reflect the time value of money.

Level dollar amortization method

The amount to be amortized is divided into equal dollar amounts to be paid over a given number of years; part of each payment is interest and part is principal (similar to a mortgage payment on a building). Because payroll can be expected to increase as a result of inflation, level dollar payments generally represent a decreasing percentage of payroll; in dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to decrease over time.

Level percentage of projected payroll amortization method

Amortization payments are calculated so that they are a constant percentage of the projected payroll of active plan members over a given number of years. The dollar amount of the payments generally will increase over time as payroll increases due to inflation; in dollars adjusted for inflation, the payments can be expected to remain level.

Net OPEB Obligation

The cumulative difference since the effective date of this Statement between annual OPEB cost and the employer's contributions to the plan, including the OPEB liability (asset) at transition, if any, and excluding (a) short-term differences and (b) unpaid contributions that have been converted to OPEB-related debt. It will be included as a balance sheet entry on the financial statements.

Normal cost

That portion of the Actuarial Present Value of OPEB benefits and expenses which is allocated to a valuation year by the Actuarial Cost Method. It is the value of benefits to be accrued in the valuation year by active employees.

OPEB-related debt

All long-term liabilities of an employer to an OPEB plan, the payment of which is not included in the annual required contributions of a sole or agent employer (ARC) or the actuarially determined required contributions of a cost-sharing employer. Payments generally are made in accordance with installment contracts that usually include interest. Examples include contractually deferred contributions and amounts assessed to an employer upon joining a multiple-employer plan.

Other postemployment benefits

Postemployment benefits other than pension benefits. Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) include postemployment healthcare benefits, regardless of the type of plan that provides them, and all postemployment benefits provided separately from a pension plan, excluding benefits defined as termination offers and benefits.

Pay-as-You-Go

A method of financing an OPEB plan under which the contributions to the plan are generally made at about the same time and in about the same amount as benefit payments and expenses becoming due.

Required supplementary information (RSI)

Schedules, statistical data, and other information that are an essential part of financial reporting and should be presented with, but are not part of, the basic financial statements of a governmental entity.